

# THE BOURBON NEWS.

Swift Champ, Editor and Owner.

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TWENTY-FIRST YEAR.

PARIS BOURBON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1901.

No. 62.

J. S. WILSON D. T. WILSON.  
**JAS. S. WILSON & BRO.,**  
BANK ROW, NORTH SIDE COURT  
HOUSE.



## COAL.

In time of peace prepare for war. In warm weather prepare for cold. The wise man lays in his supply of coal during the summer months. We have a bounteous supply of SOUTH JELlico and MIXED CANNEL.

## SALT.

Just received a car load of FRESH SALT.

## FARM WAGONS.

We feel confident we have the best lot of farm wagons made, such as AVERY, STUDEBAKER and MITCHELL. We also keep cheaper grades.

## FARM IMPLEMENTs.

We sell the celebrated AVERY DISC PLOW, the very best plow for hard ground. We also sell the most popular plow—THE VULCAN. It has a light draft and does nice work. We are also agents for the HOOSIER DRILLS and keep in stock CORN HARVESTERS. In fact anything the farmer needs we try to have for him. We also have some choice SEED RYE.



**J. S. WILSON & BRO.,**  
PARIS, KY.



## O. K. STOVES

### RANGES

Every one guaranteed to be satisfactory or money refunded.

#### CALL AND SEE THEM

We also furnish repairs for all stoves no matter what make.

**Winn &  
Lowry.**

**BOURBON  
GRANITE & MARBLE WORKS,  
PARIS, KY**

QUALITY is the first consideration in buying a Monument. We have but one—the best. Best in material, best in workmanship, best in prices. Our work stands the test of time.

W. A. HILL, Prop.

I SEE that you get a Stoner when you call for it. Home made.

#### Does It Pay To Buy Cheap?

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible; if not possible for you, then in either case take the ONLY remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with severe throat and lung troubles. "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try ONE bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. Get Green's Prize Almanac.—W. T. Brooks.

**Buy Now.**—Now is the time to buy coal for Winter. We keep all grades, including South Jellico Blue Gem, mixed cannel, and others. We are prepared and waiting to receive your orders. Phone 164, or leave order at office on Bank Row.

19th-st J. S. WILSON & BRO.

**Cheap Rates to New York via the Chesapeake & Ohio Ry.**

On August 3rd to the 7th inclusive, and August 24th to the 28th inclusive, the Merchants Association rates of one and one-third fare on the certificate plan will be in effect on the C. & O. The round trip rate on this basis from Lexington and Winchester will be \$24.60, and tickets will be good to stop over at Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia, and good returning thirty days from date of sale.

The C. & O. is the only line from Lexington with double daily sleeper and dining car service to New York and Eastern points. Write for sleeper berths in my information desired.

GEORGE W. BARNEY,  
Div. Pass. Agent,  
Lexington, Ky.

FOR a delightful vacation there is no place more enjoyable and attractive than the ever popular Mackinac Island, via L. & N. and C. & O. Ry., and the magnificent D. & C. steamers from Toledo via Detroit, stopping one night in that beautiful city, arriving at Mackinac Thursday noon, August 29. Train leaves Paris, Ky., Tuesday, August 27, at 5:15 a. m. Tickets good returning until September 5. Only \$9 for the round trip. For particulars apply to

F. B. CARR, Agent.  
or HOUSTON RION, T. A.

#### L. & N. Special Rates.

Summer excursion rates via L. & N. B. R. to point named below and return:

Louisville and return at one fare for round trip Sept. 6 and 7; limited to Sept. 9 returning.

Cincinnati and return \$1.25 Sept. 1st. Trains leave Paris at 5:15 and 8:05 a. m. Returning leaves Central Station at 7:50 p. m.

Cincinnati, O., and return at one fare Sept. 9, 10, 11. Good returning until Sept. 20.

Maysville and return at one fare for round trip Sept. 4, 5, 6, 7. Good returning Sept. 9. Account Elks Fair. Special train will leave Paris daily at 8 a. m. Returning leaves Maysville at 7:30 p. m.

Norfolk, Va., and return at one fare for round trip September 7 and 8; limited to Sept. 15.

Chattanooga, Tenn., and return at one fare for round trip August 31, September 1 and 2; limited returning until September 10. Account convention of National Association of Letter Carriers.

Ewing, Ky., and return September 11 to 14 inclusive at one fare for round trip; limited to September 16. Account Ewing Fair. Special train leaves Paris daily at 8:30 a. m. Returning leaves Ewing at 7:30 p. m.

Rutherford, Ky., and return at one fare, Aug. 29, 30 and 31 limited to return until September 2; account colored fair.

Home seekers' excursions to California at \$70.55 via Louisville, or \$73.40 via Cincinnati, on sale August 6 and 20, also September 3 and 17. Return limit 21 days from date of sale. Stopping going at points West of Denver.

Cleveland, O., and return at the very low rate of \$7.45 for round trip on September 8-12, inclusive. Return limit September 15, with provision for extension to October 8. Account G. A. R. Encampment.

Natural Bridge excursion at \$1.50 round trip on following dates: July 14 and 22; August 11 and 23; September 8 and 22; October 6 and 20.

One fare for the round trip to Louisville, Ky. August 24th, 25th, inclusive. Final limit September 3rd. Account Knights Templar Conclave.

Round trip Buffalo, N. Y., \$14.60 on sale daily. Final limit, eleven days. Round trip \$18.15. On sale daily. Final limit 15 days.

For further particulars regarding any of above rates call on or address

F. B. CARR, Agent,  
or HOUSTON RION, T. A.,  
Paris, Ky.

Important.

For the best life insurance policy on earth, at a lower rate, and guaranteeing more than any other company on earth, call on T. Porter Smith.

PATRONIZE home industry and call for the Stoner cigar.

Seignee has found that rheumatism is caused by uric acid in the blood. This poison should be excreted by the kidneys. Foley's Kidney Cure always makes them well.—Clarke and Kenney.

#### Mexican War Veterans' Meeting.

The next meeting of the National Association of Mexican War Veterans will be held at Cleveland, O., Sept. 12, 13 and 14. Headquarters at the Lincoln Hotel. Place of meeting, City Council Chamber. This is expected to be one of the grandest meetings, and, perhaps, the last one for the old veterans. Railroad fare is one cent a mile. For program, etc., address Hon. E. W. Doty or Col. Hodge, Cleveland, O.

E. H. HOBSON, President.

\$7.20 round trip from Georgetown, via Queen & Crescent Route, to Cleveland, account encampment G. A. R., Sept. 10-14, 1901.

W. J. MURPHY, Gen'l Mgr.

W. C. RINEARSON, G. P. Agt.

Mr. James Brown, of Portsmouth, Va., over 30 years of age, suffered for years with a bad sore on his face. Physicians could not help him. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him permanently.—W. T. Brooks.

YOU should see the beautiful samples of 10x20 portraits for \$10, framed complete. Former price \$20.

L. GRINNAN & SON.

"I wish to state to you and the readers of these few lines that your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is without question, the best and only cure for dyspepsia that I have ever come in contact with and I have used many other preparations." John Dean, West Middletown, Pa. No preparation equals Kodol Dyspepsia Cure as it contains all the natural digestants. It will digest all kinds of food and can not help but do you good.—W. T. Brooks.

"The piles that annoy you so will be quickly and permanently cured if you use Dr. Witten's Witch Hazel Salve. It is a ware of worthless counterfeits.—W. T. Brooks.

The greatest healer of modern times is Banner Salve for cuts, wounds, sores, piles and all skin diseases. It is guaranteed. Use no substitute.—Clarke & Kenney.

A bad complexion generally results from inactive liver and bowels. In all cases DeWitt's Little Early Risers produce gratifying results.—W. T. Brooks.

Any advertised dealer is authorized to guarantee Banner Salve for cuts, wounds, sores, piles, sprains, scalds burns, ulcers and any open or old sore.—Clarke & Kenney.

FREE NEW CURE FOR ECZEMA

And Skin Eruptions. Remick's Eczema Cure and Remick's Pepper Blood Tonic have never yet failed to cure.

FREE TRIAL—Write to-day, the samples are free.

HAVAKA MEDICAL CO.

1124 Locust St., St. Louis, Mo.

For sale by W. T. Brooks.

Mr. John Tippins, Colton, O., says: "Foley's Honey and Tar cured my little son of a chronic cough and inflamed tonsils"—Clarke & Kenney.

WANTED.—A good white girl or neat and reliable colored girl for nurse. White girl can sleep at house and will be given nice room. For name of party apply at this office.

To Cure a Cold In One Day Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature on each box. (25c-1yr)

ANTISEPTALEINE is guaranteed to prevent the teeth from decaying, relieve all sensitiveness, heat bleeding gums and make the breath pure and sweet. For sale by all druggists. (1f)

We are still making high grade photos. Call and see the latest. Everything strictly up-to-date.

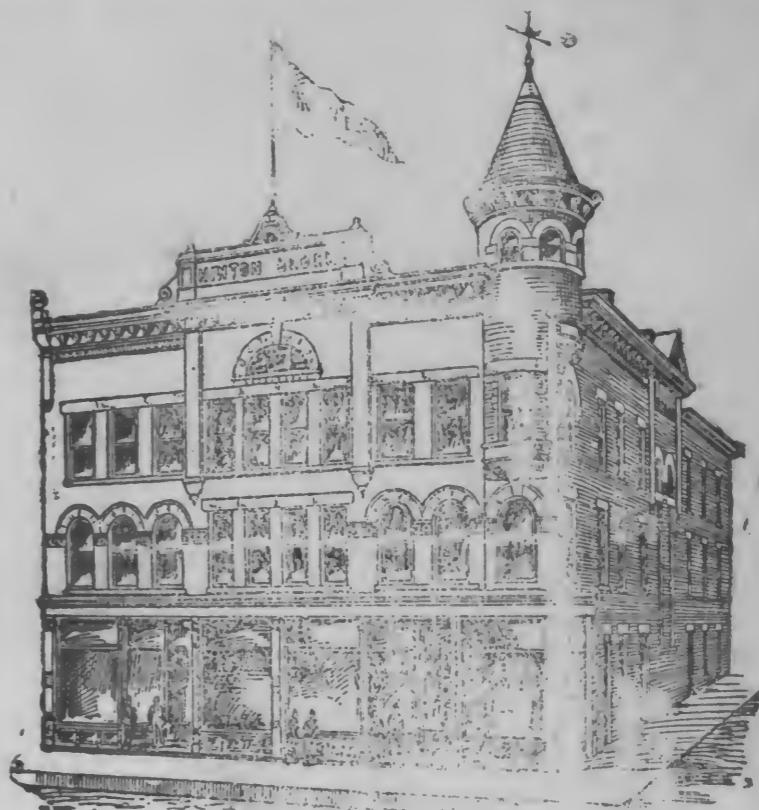
L. GRINNAN & SON.

## Gray Hair

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for over thirty years. It has kept my scalp free from dandruff and has prevented my hair from turning gray."—Mrs. F. A. Soule, Billings, Mont.

There is this peculiar thing about Ayer's Hair Vigor—it is a hair food, not a dye. Your hair does not suddenly turn black, look dead and lifeless. But gradually the old color comes back,—all the rich, dark color it used to have. The hair stops falling, too. \$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Please give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.



## WISE FURNITURE BUYERS

Are making their purchases now when prices are much lower than they will be when the fall rush commences.

It is not only wise to buy, but it is

## Wise To Come To Us.

Our stock is NEW, FRESH and STYLISH IN EVERY RESPECT and we are PREPARED TO PLEASE YOU AND SAVE MONEY FOR YOU.

## J. T. HINTON,

Undertaking in all its branches. Embalming scientifically attended to.

Carriages for hire. Wood Mantles furnished complete.

## AMBULANCE.

## LOW CUTS IN HIGH FAVOR.



Wear Oxford ties and keep cool. We have a splendid line to select from.

Keep your head clear and your feet cool and the hot weather won't hurt you.

For \$3 we can provide you with \$100 worth of comfort.

This is bigger odds than you can get on a horse race and

## You Are Sure To Win.

We have Oxford Ties for men, women and children at prices that will touch your pocketbook lightly.

Geo. McWilliams.

NIPPETT BLOCK.

Seed Wheat,  
Seed Rye,  
Timothy Seed.

CHAS. S. BRENT & BRO.

## SELF-APPROVAL.

"I'm glad that me an' Mandy ain't the fashionable kind. Those doin's in the papers so persistently you find; Them drawin's in the clothin' store, a hangin' on the wall—To be dressed up like them folks wouldn't suit my taste at all! I never seen a mortal on this earth a-lookin' in so. But, seems to me, the folks that make them garments ought to know. I don't see how they stand there in perpetual repose, For if they move, they're sure to git a wrinkle in their clothes.

As' when I see the fashion magazine we've ordered sent, I'm mighty proud of Mandy, 'cause she looks so different! Their waists are squeezed so tiny, so's to make them an' neat, That to come right out, an' say it, it's a mystery how they can do it! An' sech a length from waist to foot! But here my language fails. I suppose it ain't no subject fur discussion by the males. But speakin' of appearances, I say it without pride, When we look each other over, me an' Mandy is satisfied.

—Washington Star.

## BORN TO SERVE

By Charles M. Sheldon,  
Author of "IN HIS STEPS," "JOHN KING'S  
QUESTION CLASS," "EDWARD  
BLAKE," Etc.

(Copyright, 1900, by Charles M. Sheldon.)

CHAPTER II.—CONTINUED.  
"Yes, you see how it is. If I should be willing to stay with you, I might stay till I was an old, broken-down woman, always washing dirty dishes, always messin' in a kitchen, always being looked down upon as an inferior, always being only a part of the machine, my personality ignored and my development dwarfed, never receiving any more wages than when I began, or, at most, only a little more, always in a dependent, servile position. Once a hired girl, always one long as you choose to have me and I consented to stay. Is that a cheerful prospect for a girl to consider as real?"

Mrs. Ward did not answer. Barbara had spoken out all that the four weeks had been piling up in her mind. Once spoken, it relieved her; but she was troubled over the thought that, even if all she said were exactly true, there was still somewhere in the economic world a factor of service she had not fully nor fairly measured. She could not escape the self-accusation: "But ministry is still ministry. If this family really needs such work as I have been doing to help it work out its destiny in the world, why is not my service for it as truly divine as if ministered in other ways that the world so often thinks are more noble?"

Mrs. Ward still sat with folded hands and a strange look, and Barbara turned from her and began rolling out a small piece of pie crust for Carl. When she had finished it and had put it in a platter, as she was turning with it toward the stove, she was amazed to see Mrs. Ward standing in front of her. She had risen suddenly and had come over near Barbara.

"What you have said is too true—a great deal of it, most of it; and yet, Barbara, if you only knew how much I need just such help as yours in my home you would not leave me. Isn't there some way we can work it out together? I have not been to you what one woman ought to be to another. I have been nervous and faultfinding and—and—you have not said anything about that, I know; but, if you will stay, Barbara, we will try to study the thing out better—we will help one another. That is not exactly what I mean, but we will understand each other better after this talk, and perhaps we can be more just, and study how to better matters."

Barbara stood during this unexpected appeal trembling with a conflicting set of emotions. In the midst of it all she could feel a return of something of the old feeling of heroism in service that had prompted her to answer the advertisement in the first place, and her pulses leaped up again at the thought of help from this woman to solve the servant question and work with her toward a commandment. What could she do alone? Only four weeks of trial, and she had despised of service. Already in the swift reaction from her despair Mrs. Ward's words produced a great revulsion in her feelings. Surely all things were possible if both the woman of the house and the servant studied the question together. And her grievances! They were there still, and still real. But they were not without compensation if what Mrs. Ward said was going to mean a new start all around.

Still, as she faced Mrs. Ward with a troubled heart, she hesitated, going over again the trials of the four weeks, the hot, insufficient little room, the long and irregular hours, the separation from people, even from the very people in the house where she was serving; the daily drudgery, the hopelessness of any future—it all came up again to dash an enthusiasm that had apparently been killed out of her at the first attempt to turn practical things into heroic things. And let us say for Barbara what was a very true part of her true self; she had so great a horror of doing anything from impulse alone that a part of her hesitation now arose not from her doubts concerning Mrs. Ward's sincerity, but from her own fear of changing her mind, of seeming to act from pity for Mrs. Ward rather than from a genuine conviction that she had not been heroic enough to test her service long enough to prove something besides a few grievances. She was smitten even while Mrs. Ward was speaking, to think that she had not endured all the hardships to the limit of service.

"Of course, I don't know how we are going to arrange all the things that are wrong, but I have gone over all the ground you have emphasized this morning more times than perhaps you

"Imagine," Mrs. Ward continued, and Barbara, perhaps for the first time, gave Mrs. Ward credit for many things she had hitherto denied her. "My wretched health, and cares and trouble with servants who have had no ambitions and no abilities such as you have, I think have all helped to make me seem indifferent and thoughtless. But I need you, Barbara. Really, I cannot bear the thought of being without help. You cannot realize what these last four weeks have meant to me in the burden lifted. You ought to have let you know it. I am sure I have felt it deeper every day."

"You are flattery me now," said Barbara, smiling a little.

"No, only the truth as it ought to have been told you. My sickness, the children, my cares, Mr. Ward's business complications, some of which have been serious the last ten days, have all conspired to make me careless of you; but even my carelessness of you is a sign of my confidence in you. Don't leave us now, Barbara. We need you more than you can realize."

What! Barbara Clark! Here has been trouble in this home, and trouble of a serious nature, and you have lived in your own troubles, absorbing all thought about yourself. She began to weep. She turned towards Mrs. Ward.

"I don't want to seem to act on just my feelings alone. Let me go home to-night and think it out."

Mrs. Ward looked at her wistfully, and again tears came into the older woman's eyes.

"I am asking a great deal of you. Maybe I am promising a good deal for myself, too, if you decide to go on with us."

"You mean?" Barbara began, and then stopped.

"I mean that, if you will keep on as you have begun, I am willing to help make your place different in many ways from what it has been. I don't know all that this may mean to you. It is not an ordinary case, as you are not an ordinary servant girl. There is another thing I ought to say. If you remain with us, it ought to be a great source of satisfaction to you that the children think so much of you. Do you realize how much it may mean to a mother to know they are being helped in every way while with her servant? That is another great reason I don't want you to go, Barbara."

"Thank you, Mrs. Ward," Barbara answered, and the tears came into her eyes for the first time. Praise is sweet. Why don't we all give more of it where we know it will help, not hurt?

"We cannot spare you out of the home. We have not treated you right, but—"

"Don't say anything about that, Mrs. Ward," Barbara interrupted, a feeling of remorse growing in her at the thought of her "grievances." Some of them were beginning to seem small in comparison with her privileges. She was a real influence in it if what Mrs. Ward had just said about the children was true. Surely there was more in the position than physical drudgery. Could even a school-teacher expect to be more useful? A host of new questions rose in her mind.

"Let me go home to-night, Mrs. Ward, and I will return in the morning and give you my answer. In any case, I



"I OPENED IT, BARBARA."

will not leave, of course, until you have secured some one else."

"Very well, we will leave the matter that way," Mrs. Ward answered, and she went out of the kitchen as Carl began to clamor for his pie and Barbara turned to attend to him.

But Barbara was strongly moved by this interview. It had begun with her heart full of discouragement and rebellion. It had ended with a feeling of doubt concerning her resolution to give up her position, with a renewal of her former enthusiasm. There were possibilities in the situation that she had not considered. And so, with all these new ideas crowding into her thoughts, she finished her work early that evening and went home.

Her mother met her with a happy smile and instantly put her a hand letter that had come in the afternoon mail. It had printed on it the address of a teacher's agency.

"Another polite note saying there are no vacancies at present, etc. Is that it, mother?"

"I opened it, Barbara. You remember you told me to if anything came from this agency, and I was going to send over to the Wards' for you this evening if you had not come," Mrs. Clark said, as Barbara took out the letter and began to read.

"To be sure," Mrs. Ward replied. Then she added, with a show of emotion that had affected Barbara the day before: "I cannot tell you what a great relief it is to me to have you here. It means more to me than I can tell you just now."

"It's a good offer, Barbara. Just the position you can fill, isn't it?"

"Yes, mother," Barbara answered, slowly. But she dropped the letter into her lap and sat thoughtfully quiet.

"What are you thinking of? Barbara, you don't mean to refuse, after all this waiting?"

Then Barbara told her mother all about the morning's talk with Mrs. Ward.

"I am in honor bound to stay with her, anyway, until she finds some one else. I promised. If I accept this offer I must go at once, as the place requires an immediate answer in person. That would leave Mrs. Ward without anyone just at a time when she is most in need of some one."

"She will let you off for such an unexpected offer as this Barbara," Mrs. Clark spoke with eagerness. "You do not mean to lose it, to lose your chances of getting something better than—"

"Mother, you must not tempt me," Barbara replied, with a faint smile.

And Mrs. Clark, with a sigh, made no further appeal. She knew from past experience that Barbara would not leave her mind in such a matter.

After a long silence Barbara said: "Mother, I may decide to remain with Mrs. Ward for good. This morning I thought it was all a mistake and that I could not do anything. But since this talk with her I see some hopes of working out the problem. I really begin to think I may be of some use in that home."

"But you have not been happy there, dear. And I am sure the work is too hard for you. You are tired out."

"It is the heat, mother. I shall be all right when the cool weather comes fall."

Mrs. Clark shook her head doubtfully; and when Barbara went up to her room at last her mother broke down and had a cry over the situation. Barbara had handed her the four weeks' savings, amounting to \$14. It was more than she could have saved on \$33 a month as a teacher, if she had been obliged to pay for her own board and lodgings and incidentals. But, in spite of all, Mrs. Clark could not understand the girl's evident purpose to go back to Mrs. Ward's permanently.

Up in her room that night Barbara turned to her New Testament with a purpose which had been formed since her talk in the morning. It had come to her mind, while Mrs. Ward was saying something about the need which she had of her, that there were a great many passages in the New Testament written especially for servants. And the idea occurred to her to search for all of them and make a study of them with special reference to her own case at what was now a crisis for her future. She would take one passage every week and dwell on it while at her work—if she should decide to go back to the Wards indefinitely.

She did not know where to look for all the passages referring to the slaves or bond-servants common to Christ's and Paul's times, but she was familiar with the beautiful verses in the second chapter of Philippians, and she turned to them reading from her Revised Bible.

"Have this mind in you, which was also in Christ Jesus: who, being in the form of God, counted it not a prize to be on an equality with God, but emptied Himself, taking the form of a servant (the Greek word is bond-servant), being made in the likeness of men; and being made in fashion as man, He humbled Himself, becoming obedient even unto death, yea, the death of the cross.

"Wherefore also God highly exalted Him, and gave unto Him the name which is above every name; that in the name of Jesus every knee should bow, of things in Heaven and things on earth and things under the earth and that every tongue should confess that Jesus Christ is Lord to the glory of God the Father." (Phil. ii: 5-11.)

"The Son of God was a bond-servant," Barbara repeated the statement softly before she prayed. And never before had she prayed more earnestly for wisdom and humility and courage. Never had the girl felt a deeper longing to be of use in the world where she was most needed. "Help me, Son of God," was the burden of her prayer, "to decide now what I ought to do. Lead me in the right way."

In the morning she went down, and, meeting her mother, kissed her affectionately. Mrs. Clark looked at her anxiously.

"Yes, mother," Barbara answered, gently, "I have decided to go back for good. I believe I can be of more use there than in a schoolroom. The dragon is very fierce and very tough, mother; and I have been scared and run away; but I am going back, and I want your blessing again. There are going to be some interesting fights with the dragon this time, mother, I am sure. For, if Mrs. Ward will do what she hinted at, the dragon will have two women after him instead of one. We will make it live."

In the morning she went down, and, meeting her mother, kissed her affectionately. Mrs. Clark looked at her anxiously.

"Man idolizes modesty, yet at once he will bear the market of any man's personal stock."

A jealous husband sees a rival in every man with whom he is thrown in contact.

It is a miracle how the constant suppression of nature came to be satisfied by sickness.

Fifteen generations of model husbands and wives would produce deaf and blind women.

A woman's reputation for inconstancy is more frequently gained by sickness than by sickness.

Few memories are more poignant than those of love-letters written to one we have ceased to admire.

Every woman has been called beautiful by some man. This alone proves the disregard of the sex for truth—Vada Agnew, in Judge.

"To be sure," Mrs. Ward replied. Then she added, with a show of emotion that had affected Barbara the day before: "I cannot tell you what a great relief it is to me to have you here. It means more to me than I can tell you just now."

"It's a good offer, Barbara. Just the position you can fill, isn't it?"

simply, and at once began the day's work.

The next day was Saturday. In the afternoon, as Barbara was finishing the dinner dishes, Mrs. Ward came in.

"Will you go to church with me tomorrow?" she asked, abruptly.

Barbara started, and then, recovering quickly, said: "Yes, if you really want me to."

"In the morning; we can arrange to get dinner when we return."

"What will this mean to you?" Barbara asked, after awhile.

"I don't know."

"Mr. Ward is willing?"

"Yes, I have talked it all over with him, and he is willing."

"I don't want to cause you needless embarrassment," Barbara began in a low voice.

"But it may not cause any embarrassment. We will try it, anyway."

"Do any other women in Crawford bring their servants to church with them?"

"Dr. Vane's wife always does. They are among the old families here. Very wealthy and—"

"I know Dr. Vane. He and father went to school together in Fairview."

"Is that so? Then I will introduce you to them to-morrow."

Barbara could not avoid a smile at the thought. Nevertheless, she anticipated the event of going to church with Mrs. Ward with a degree of interest that she had not felt in her work as a servant since those eventful four weeks in her life had begun. A new factor had come into the problem. The woman of the house was going to cooperate with her. How far the cooperation was going to be carried, she could not foresee. Mrs. Ward's manner was both reassuring and at the same time uncertain, and Barbara could not tell how far she might go if matters became serious for her socially.

When Sunday morning came, Barbara joined the family at church time and they all started together. The church bells of Crawford were ringing, and in Barbara's heart there was a mingling of the peace of God with tumult, the peace that goes with the consciousness of human conflict over selfish human passion.

(To Be Continued.)

## REFLECTIONS OF A SPINSTER.

Sapient and Sharp Sayings Concerning the Frailities of Men and Women.

Happiness is the mirage of love, says Vada Agnew, in Judge.

The first lesson love teaches is deceptiveness.

Women make a woman's reputation men her character.

The best friends of a selfish man are those who know him least.

It is well to keep your eyes on a very suspicious man or woman.

The prejudices of women are intuitive and cannot be overcome.

Perhaps the Lord made bachelors for the consolation of wives.

The more diligently the phantom happiness is pursued the faster it flies.

There are men so morbid that their mere presence calls before us all our past sins.

Matrimony is a two-handed play in which from the beginning one always cheats.

Some men are so base that they would tire of Paradise after the first hour.

The man who has never seen a woman he could love owes it to nature to travel.

Men who are most undeserving of praise usually receive the most. That shows how little worth it is.

Explicit Details.

A rural correspondent of the Postmount (N. H.) Times sent to his paper this intelligible account of a local episode:

"A man killed a dog belonging to another man. The son of the man whose dog was killed proceeded to whip the man who killed the dog of the man he was the son of. The man, who was the son of the man whose dog was killed, was arrested on complaint of the man who was assaulted by the son of the man whose dog the man who was assaulted had killed."

This has suggested the more brilliant but equally brilliant remark of the young man whose temporary condition required the services of a cab driver. Leaning back on the cushions, he sighed and said:

"How much pleasanter it is to be riding in a cab, thinking how much pleasanter it is to be riding in a cab than it is to walk, than it is to walk, than it is to walk."

Thinking how much pleasanter it is to be riding in a cab than it is to walk, thinking how much pleasanter it is to be riding in a cab than it is to

## HER LITTLE BOY.

"Always a little boy to her."  
No matter how old he's grown.  
Her eyes are blind to the strands of gray,  
She's deaf to his manly tone.  
His voice is the same as the day he asked:  
"What makes the old cat purr?"  
Ever and ever he's just the same—  
A little boy to her.

"Always a little boy to her."  
She heeds not the lines of care  
That furrow his face—to her it is still  
As it was in his boyhood, fair.  
His hands and joy are as dear to her  
As they were in his small-boy days.  
He never changes; to her he's still  
"My little boy," she says.

"Always a little boy to her."  
And to him she's the mother fair,  
With the laughing eyes and the cheering  
smile.

Of the boyhood days back there.  
Back there, somewhere, in the mist of  
years—

Back there with the childlike joy,  
And to her he is never the man we see,  
But always "her little boy."

"Always a little boy to her."  
The ceaseless march of the years  
Goes rapidly by, but its drumbeats die  
Ere ever they reach her ears.  
The smile that she sees is the smile of  
youth.

The wrinkles are dimples of joy,  
His hair with its gray is as sunny as May,  
He is always "her little boy."  
—Pearson's Weekly.

## THE DEPUTY SHERIFF

By H. I. CLEVELAND.

THE old-time deputy sheriff's functions at the time of a jail assault and a lynching were many and varied. He invariably took his cue from the sheriff. There were times when the sheriff did not object to lynching—they were political and other reasons why he should not. Then there were times when it was absolutely necessary for other reasons why a lynching should be prevented. The case of the Bell brothers will illustrate. They will be remembered not only as accomplished horse thieves, but also as highwaymen, and even worse than that. The first time they came under the notice of this particular sheriff they were lodged in his jail, charged with having absorbed, made way with and disposed of a herd of sheep. The herd, the indictment stated, contained 600 more or less crippled, foot-sore, red-eyed wanderers of the coulee range. The Bell brothers made no objections to their arrest, since they were caught in bed and their weapons not conveniently handy. After being placed in jail they settled down to a continuous game of cribbage between themselves, to which the deputy was not invited. On the third afternoon of their arrest he was informed by the sheriff that a party of ranchmen would attack the jail that night and attempt to take the brothers out and lynch them.

"I'm informed," said the sheriff, "that if they are lynched the West Enders will be down here lookin' for a coyote that looks like myself with guns. I've got to go across country to-night, but I advise you that no hanging bee is wanted. Be careful with the boys, but don't let 'em in."

The population of the county was composed of West Enders and East Enders. The Bell brothers were West Enders; their would-be Lynchers were East Enders. The West Enders were cattlemen; the East Enders sheep herders. The jail stood almost in the center of the county on what might have been called neutral ground. The deputy understood the sheriff to mean that the East Enders must be made to see that it was neutral ground that night. He thought long and earnestly after his superior left him. He knew that the sheriff had dodged the possible outcome of the raid—a lynching—dodged because he was politically a coward, but that did not relieve him. He was one man, and a little man at that. He had plenty of weapons—Winchesters, Remingtons, Colt's, but the raiders would number 50 at least. The town community gathered about the jail was small and could not be depended upon for help. He was truly puzzled until a thought came to him—a big thought. He walked to the front of the jail and into that part of it used by the sheriff for his home. The only one in charge there was a Norwegian woman, a sort of housekeeper for the sheriff, who was a widow and childless. He had a little conversation with her which resulted in the home being closed, and she retired to the jail portion which was separated from the home by heavy iron doors. Next he called upon the Bell brothers, and this is what he said to them:

"Now you galutes can be hung to-night or fight with me. The East End is going to raid us, and I'm alone. If you're hung it'll be because I'm dead. If you fight with me we may stave the boys off and save your necks. But you've got to tote fair or I'll save 'em the trouble of hanging you. Now, what I want you to do is to come out here in front when I'm ready and watch the main street. When the boys get here they've got to come the front way. After they begin business I want you to kill their horses. Shoot the horses, but don't touch a man. See?"

The Bell brothers appreciated the situation. They told the deputy sheriff that they would aid him in upholding the law and either win or die with him. Then he called on the Norwegian woman again and explained to her his plan. He said:

"You've handled a gun and you've got nerve. Now I may get killed in this mess-up, but somebody's got to account for the prisoners. They mustn't be lynched. That's my orders. I'm going to put them in front where they can do some fighting if necessary, and yet not get hurt. But if I get hurt—if I'm killed—I want you to kill the Bell brothers. Don't you either let 'em get away or be lynched. The East Enders won't hurt you, but don't you let the Bell brothers get lynched."

Well, this woman was of her kind,

faithful, unyielding, brave. She could not appreciate either the comedy or the tragedy of the situation, but she did realize what was wanted of her, and like most frontier women she was not found wanting. When darkness settled down the jail was strongly bolted and barred. In the front room of the second-story overlooking the court the Bell brothers lay by a barred window, mattresses for shields, and waited for the coming of the avengers. They had noted that back of them and some distance away a woman was sitting by a table and that she had on the table a magazine Winchester—had it in such a way that it commanded their position. Still they did not understand. As for the deputy he was all over the jail looking after things. He had no other prisoners to care for, but he was inspecting locks and barriers which he had created. By ten o'clock the settlement outside was asleep. By 11 there was a fringe of moonlight on the eastern horizon, and the prairie waste was illuminated with a white light. In the stillness the uneasy movements of distant herds of cattle could be distinguished and often the call of the ranging wolves. The Bell brothers jest with themselves on the outcome of the night raid.

"I never tried rope for a collar," said one.

"It's too tight," said the other.

The woman sat immovable. Up through the moonlight came riding the East Enders, 50 strong, as the deputy had suspected. They galloped through the town and citizens who heard them crept closer in their beds. They knew it meant a jail raid, but they were not responsible for the jail. The horsemen halted in front of the structure, and their leader beat hard on the door with the butt of a gun. In time the deputy lazily raised a window in the second story, and lazily asked: "What in thunder was wanted."

"Turn 'em out, old man," said the leader. "We're after the Bell boys."

"You don't say. Why, I ain't got authority to turn 'em out. The last thing the sheriff said to me just tonight was that I must take good care of 'em."

"Aw, quit your fishing. You know what we want. Open up."

"I can't do it unless you've an order from the court. You'd better put your horses up and get lodgings until you see the court. The Bell boys is asleep and I don't want 'em disturbed."

Then that valiant body of East Enders shot the door full of holes and tried to blow the lock. After the fun began, it was fast and furious. More good horses died that night than the country ever had record of before or since. In all the Missouri country except in battle with the Indians there never was such a killing of horses as that night. Perhaps there were a hundred shots fired, maybe more, but when the East Enders withdrew they were unharmed, but of their horses more than 50 were dead or mortally wounded, and the jail was still intact. Short of ammunition and disgusted, the East Enders retreated and made their way back over the prairies to their homes as best they could. The sheriff appeared to be greatly surprised the next day to find so many evidences of battle about the jail, dead horses here and dead horses there. But the Bell brothers were safe, and the deputy, too.

" Didn't hurt any of the boys?" asked the sheriff, referring to the East Enders.

"No—I reckoned it was cheaper to get their horses. Hate to kill a horse, but had to. Crowd wasn't very spunky anyway, sort of white-livered after shootin' commenced."

"Bell brothers help you?"

"Yes—they toted all right. Had the woman keep a gun on 'em."

"All right—guess you'd better turn in and take a nap."

"So long."—Chicago Record-Herald.

## FAMOUS MAKER OF VIOLINS.

Lately Deceased Philadelphian Who Was Accounted a Master of the Art.

Charles F. Albert, of Philadelphia, who died recently, was famous on two continents as a maker of violins.

He was born in Freiburg, Germany, December 23, 1842, says the Philadelphia Press, and came to this country with his father when he was 12 years old. After working at different trades he entered his father's shop to learn violin making. He took it at once and became so successful that at the age of 24 he decided to start in business for himself.

His first shop was at 233 Arch street, next to the Betsy Ross flaghouse. In this place such artists as Vieutemps, Ole Bull, Remenji, Essays and Wienawski intrusted their violins and bows to his care for repairs. On one of these occasions after Mr. Albert had removed a wolf, a serious defect from his Stradivarius, the great Wienawski kissed him on the forehead and exclaimed: "Young man, you have done what no other man could do for me either in Europe or America."

The bridge Mr. Albert took from the violin at the time was framed with his autograph attached, and for many years has hung in his store.

He took many prizes not only for violin making, but also for numerous inventions of improvements and attachments for the violin. He discovered that American wood was far superior to the foreign for the making of violins. As a repairer and restorer of old instruments he had a reputation second to none.

He was the man who restored Tom Moore's Irish harp, which came by inheritance into the possession of the late George W. Childs who presented it to the Drexel Institute.

## ABOUT PRICKLY HEAT.

Nature of the Summer Affection and Cooling Lotions as a Remedy.

Prickly heat is an eruption of minute pimples, or pin-point blisters, occurring on various parts of the body, especially those covered with clothing, during the heats of summer, and particularly in muggy, dog-day weather, says Youth's Companion.

Unfortunately it is an affection that needs little description, the red skin covered with closely set pimples and minute shining water-blister, and the intolerable itching, prickling and burning being only too familiar to almost every one. Some persons suffer from it during the entire summer, while others, more fortunate, are not much troubled after reaching adult life.

The cause of the eruption is the irritation of the skin resulting from excessive perspiration, which cannot evaporate, but is kept in contact with the skin by the sodden clothing.

The eruption is of little consequence, beyond the irritation it causes, in the case of robust children and healthy adults, but it becomes a more serious matter when the sufferer is a puny infant or an invalid. The scratching which it incites may do harm by tearing the skin and so providing an entrance for the germs of boils or carbuncles. The eruption is aggravated by whatever increases perspiration—exercise, hot tea and other drinks, and so forth.

For the immediate relief of the discomfort various cooling lotions and powders are used. Of the lotions, vinegar and water or dilute cologne water is as good as any, or, if one does not object to the odor, extract of witch-hazel may be used. Among powders, carbolic talcum, a mixture of boric acid, oxide of zinc and starch, one of camphor, oxide of zinc and starch, or one of sulphur, oxide of zinc and magnesia will afford relief if applied, after the bath, to the armpits and other parts where chafing is common.

In the tropics, especially in India, where the suffering from prickly heat is far more universal and severe than with us even in the hottest summer, physicians advise against the use of soap in the bath, and recommend the anointing of the body with some bland oil. Cocanut oil is a favorite in the tropics.

A small quantity—about a tablespoonful—is rubbed gently into the skin once a day, the application being continued until the oil has disappeared and the skin has no longer a greasy feeling. Those who have tried this plan say that it is very efficacious in preventing prickly heat, even during the oppressive rainy season.

## FILLINGS FOR CUSHIONS.

Variety of Materials That Are Used Including Fragrant Leaves and Grasses.

It has been the fashion of recent years to fill the back of the lounge with innumerable cushions. The greater the variety of the fillings used for these pillows the more attractive the collection, says the New York Tribune. All materials, from the silken down of the American silkweed—the common silkweed—to the shred of an ordinary newspaper cut in even strips have been utilized for sofa pillows. The most successful pillows, however, are fragrant ones, and the number of these is legion. Sweet clover, freed from its coarse stalks, and dried sweet hay, make a pleasant pillow, filled forever with the fragrance of June meadows. Spruce buds or the tips of the balsam spruce tree, gathered any time before August, make a pillow which will lull the person who uses it into sweet slumbers when no other pillow will. The balsamic fragrance of these pillows lasts for years. Rose leaves, properly dried, make another fragrant pillow. The aromatic odor of "blue curle" or trichostema, suggests another plant that may be utilized in a sofa cushion. In the early spring, when only "dried and withered ghosts" of last year's vegetation remain, the fragrance of this plant still lingers in those meadows where it blossomed the previous year. It has a peculiarly refreshing fragrance, too, akin in its nature to lavender, which woos "an azure-lilled sleep." Dried violet petals, mixed with down or soft wool, make a pleasant pillow, which fills the parlor with its faint, delicate perfume. The sweet Dicksonia fern has a fragrance that increases in intensity after the fronds are dried, for the fresh fern has very little odor—a faint fragrance, only perceptible when walking through a meadow filled with its delicate green fronds. Possibly it is because some of the older fronds are already dried on their stalks. Its stalks might be mixed with some suitable material for a pillow, so they would give forth their fragrance without forming the chief substance of the filling, which would be a hard, unyielding one if of Dicksonia hay alone.

Summer Food for Children.

Children should have meat only once a day in summer, milk and eggs being substituted. Any of the cereals with milk, or, if these are not liked, milk toast, or bread and milk, or plain toast with eggs, soft boiled, baked, shirred, scrambled, poached or in an omelet, make an excellent breakfast. Fresh fish is a welcome addition to the meal. Salt codfish warmed with milk and a little butter, or made into balls with potato is a very digestible dish. Well-cooked fresh meat, one vegetable besides potatoes, a simple pudding or ice cream are enough for dinner. Soup may be added, and the fruit that is in season. With the latter use sugar, but no cream. Baked potatoes, sliced raw potatoes baked in milk, creamed rice or macaroni may form the substantial dish at supper. Fruit may be given in moderation. — Elisabeth Robinson Scovil, in Ladies' Home Journal.

## WASHINGTON'S DOG CEMETERY.

Nation's Capital Has a Burial Place for Canines of High Degree.

A cemetery for dogs has now been established in Washington, D. C., and is expected to prove a useful institution. Most people who love their canine pets are puzzled to know how to dispose of them after their demise, inasmuch as local laws usually forbid their burial within city limits. Interments in the back yard will make trouble, if the police know of it, and, on the other hand, to consign the remains of a dearly loved animal to a casual colored man for relegation to the most convenient ash dump is not agreeable to the feelings, says Youth's Companion.

Accordingly there ought to be a burying ground for dogs in the outskirts of every city. The one in Washington has been established by a company of gentlemen who are dog lovers, and the locality chosen is on the old Bladensburg road, a short distance beyond the limits of Washington proper. It is in a grove of beautiful oaks, sloping toward a green meadow, and adjoins a famous estate formerly owned by W. W. Corcoran, which has been in litigation ever since the death of that millionaire.

Lots are sold just as in any ordinary cemetery, and the owners, having paid the small price demanded, may obtain for a moderate fee, given to the man in charge, whatever attention they may desire for the graves, including the erection of headboards with suitable inscriptions and the planting of grass.

To some people this may seem to be carrying sentiment too far, but there are plenty of others who think that the lifelong faithfulness of a four-footed friend amply deserves the bestowal of a permanent resting place decently cared for.

## His Classification.

There was a rug on the line that needed attention, and she had been looking for some able-bodied man.

"Are you a carpet beater?" she asked of the hobo who applied for a little financial assistance.

"No, ma'am," he replied, honestly, as he hastily backed away. "I'm a dead beater."

"I don't believe you do any beating at all," she retorted.

"Just give me a chance," he said, "to beat a woman out of a little coin, and see what happens."—Chicago Post.

## A Social Sherlock Holmes.

"She claims to be from the east," we said, referring to the new arrival.

"I have my doubts," remarked the servant person. "Have you noticed that when she shakes hands she only raises her hand to her chin? I do not think she is from any farther east than Pittsburg."

It is well, when in society, to take note of these little things.—Baltimore American.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs. —Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

"Your boy is a speaking likeness of you." "I don't agree with you. He's more of a howling likeness of his mother."—Town and Country.

If you want to be cured of a cough use Hale's Honey of Horseradish and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

When your troubles are so firmly anchored in your mind that you dream of them, whom?—Atchison Globe.

An undertaker and a sexton are never expected to ask about the health of a person; it looks greedy.—Atchison Globe.

Bronchitis Can Be Cured With Hoxsey's Croup Cure, speedily. 50 cents.

A bread man isn't necessarily deep.—Chicago Daily News.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are as easy to use as soap. No muss or failures.

The misfortunes of to-day are the blessings of to-morrow.—N. Y. Sun.

## MARKET REPORTS.

Cincinnati, Aug. 31.

CATTLE—Common ... 2 50 @ 3 65

Extra butchers ... 4 75 @ 5 00

CALVES—Extra ... 5 75 @ 6 00

HOGS—Select shippers 6 60 @ 6 75

Mixed packers ... 6 25 @ 6 65

SHEEP—Extra ... 3 10 @ 3 25

LAMBS—Extra ... 4 50 @ 5 50

FLOUR—Spring pat. 3 80 @ 4 15

WHEAT—No. 2 red ... @ 72

COKN—No. 2 mixed ... @ 50 1/2

OATS—No. 2 mixed ... @ 37

RYE—No. 2 ... @ 57

HAY—Ch. timothy ... @ 13 50

## THE BOURBON NEWS.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY

SWIFT CHAMP, EDITOR AND OWNER.

## More of the Muddle.

The Democratic City Committee met on last Friday, and, after reading the depositions furnished them by the contestants of the recent election for Councilmen, made the following decision:

This contest of James McClure and others vs. D. C. Parrish and others, having been heard by the Democratic City Committee of Paris, Ky., the said Committee find the following facts, to wit:

On counting the ballots in precinct No. 1 the Committee finds that James McClure received 48 votes, in No. 2, 82 votes, making a total of 130 votes received by McClure; that R. E. Lusk received in No. 1, 33 votes and in No. 2, 80 votes, making a total of 113 votes received by Lusk; that Fletcher Mann received in No. 1, 48 votes and in No. 2, 78 votes, making a total of 126 votes received by Mann; that James O'Brien received in No. 1, 72 votes and in No. 2, 72 votes, making a total of 144 votes received by O'Brien; that T. E. Ashbrook received in No. 1, 70 votes and in No. 2, 63 votes, making a total of 133 votes received by Ashbrook; that Hugh Montgomery received in No. 1, 63 votes and in No. 2, 71 votes, making a total of 134 votes received by Montgomery; that in No. 3 D. C. Parrish received 51 votes and in No. 4, 75 votes, making 126 votes received by Parrish; that T. F. Brannon received in No. 3, 49 votes and in No. 4, 91 votes, making a total of 140 votes received by Brannon; that B. M. Remick received in No. 3, 69 votes and in No. 4, 55 votes, making a total of 124 votes received by Remick; that in No. 3 W. O. Hinton received 74 votes and in No. 4, 77 votes, making a total of 151 votes received by Hinton.

The Committee further find that two votes should be deducted from the vote of Parrish and Hinton because of illegal ballots cast for them by D. C. Parrish and Ed Shinners, and that a further deduction of two votes should be made from the vote received by Parrish and Hinton, because of illegal votes cast for them by Mike Arkle and Pearce Patton. We further find that R. Q. Thomson, John James, A. J. Green and Ed Wood were illegal voters; that they all voted for the contestants, O'Brien, Ashbrook and Montgomery and that on that account four votes should be deducted from the number of votes received by the said contestants.

We are therefore of the opinion that the vote as received by the contestants and contestants is as follows:

O'Brien	140
Ashbrook	129
Montgomery	130
McClure	130
Lusk	113
Mann	126
Parrish	122
Brannon	140
Remick	124
Hinton	147

The Committee therefore declare the following the nominees for Council in the First Ward of the City of Paris, to-wit: James O'Brien, Hugh Montgomery and James McClure; and the following the nominees in the Second Ward of the City of Paris, to-wit: W. O. Hinton, T. F. Brannon and B. M. Remick.

WOMEN do not worship the almighty dollar like men do. They worship the almighty 99 cents.

THERE are a whole lot of Christians who expect to sit on the right hand of Christ, who cross over the street to avoid misery in beggar's rags.

It is said that raw tomatoes, liberally sprinkled with salt and eaten, will quench a man's thirst for liquor. But there are some men who do not like raw tomatoes.

RECURRING to Admiral Schley's turn at the battle of Santiago, the people keep well in mind the fact that he turned in and gave the Spanish just what we intended they should have.

JUDGE-EDITOR J. D. WYATT, of Fleming county, has yielded to the wishes of a number of friends and is in the field for the office of Prison Commissioner. The Judge is a hustler and generally gets what he goes after, so THE NEWS congratulates him in advance.

REV. FATHER BROSSART, Vicar General, and formerly of this city, was pleasantly remembered Sunday night in Covington of the twenty-ninth anniversary of his admission to the priesthood by a visitation of the Young Ladies' Sodality of St. Mary's Cathedral in that city, together with a large delegation of resident and visiting clergymen. He was presented with an elegant imported Brevier in four volumes; also, an appropriately inscribed gold-mounted umbrella.

AFTER wrangling for several hours over a case last week, a Lexington jury came in for further instructions.

"What is it you want to know?" said the judge.

"Yer Honor," said the foreman, "leven of us want to know what to do with the other—fool."

## LOSING FLESH

in summer can be prevented by taking

## Scott's Emulsion

It is as beneficial in summer as in winter. If you are weak or down, it will build you up.

Send for free sample.

SCOTT'S EMULSION, NEW YORK.

SSS

I had Boils on my back for five years. It would break out in little white pustules, crusts would form and drop off leaving the skin red and inflamed. I did not know what to do and tried all the medications and salves without benefit. S. S. cured me and the skin is as clear and smooth as any one's.

Mrs. Henry Siegfried, of Cape May, N. J., says that twenty-one bottles of S. S. S. cured her of Cancer of the breast. Doctors and friends thought her case hopeless.

Richard T. Gardner, Florence, S. C., suffered for years with Boils. Two bottles of S. S. S. put his blood in good condition and the Boils disappeared.

Send for our free book, and write to our physicians about your case. Medical advice free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

## MILLERSBURG.

The Swango party from here returned yesterday.

Mrs. W. H. Major arrived Friday from Tennessee.

Bruce Paxton went to Mt. Sterling Monday on business.

W. V. Shaw and wife are attending the Alexander Fair this week.

Wm. Howard and daughter of Carlisle, visited relatives here last week.

Misses Mary and Amanda Richardson returned to Lexington Monday.

Mrs. Lena Flaugher and daughter are visiting relatives at Dayton, Ohio.

Dr. N. H. McKinney and wife, of Carlisle, visited relatives here Sunday.

Mrs. J. E. Hull and two daughters returned Thursday from Flemingsburg.

Dr. G. W. Dailey was appointed surgeon for the L. & N. R. R. Jackson Division.

Rev. F. C. Oney and wife, of Cynthia, were the guests of relatives here Saturday.

Mrs. Anna Jefferson and sons, Garrett and James, attended Germantown fair last week.

Miss Lizzie Taylor and Ida Dodson left Saturday to visit Mrs. Nora Chrichton in Indianapolis.

Jas. Peddicord and wife, nee Josephine Dunington, of Windsor, Mo., are visiting relatives and friends here.

Ed. G. W. Nutter and family returned Saturday accompanied by her father, Chas. Morrison, of Lagrange.

Joseph A. Grimes' will was probated Friday. John Grimes and Mrs. Ralph Miller get the Champ farm of 163 acres; Miss Lula and Mack get 118 acres of the home farm and residence; Richard and Joseph get 130 near the end of the home farm. Joseph Grimes and Robert Talbot are administrators.

## THE FAIR.

Time to loosen the purse strings and get ready for full buying. This store did not arrive at its present stage of usefulness by chance. There's no luck or speculation about this business; it isn't the result of fortunate circumstances, but down right honest, hard work, work wherein your interest as customers have been carefully studied at every corner and tunc. Eight years ago we came here as strangers. Our business friends to-day number into the thousands. They know us and they have confidence in our merchandise and methods of doing business. If you don't believe this visit the coming week, note the throngs of satisfied buyers in each section and you'll believe that there's friendship in business, for we look upon every customer who leaves a dime or dollar in this store as a business friend.

## SPECIAL FRIDAY SALE

Of enameled steel ware, slight imperfection here and there caused by bad packing, we guarantee every piece not to leak, 9-inch pie pans, 5c each; 10-inch pie pans, 6c; dish pans, 14 quart size, 39c each; 3 quart handled sauce pans, 15c each; 4 quart saucers pans, actual value 35c, now only 20c; preserving kettles, all sizes, 10, 15, 20 and 25c; 8-quart extra deep pans, 19c each; 3-quart deep pudding pans, actual 23c, now going at 12c; 2-quart deep pans, 10c; extra large wash basins, 25c size at 13c; 2, 3 and 4-quart tea pots, your choice at 15c; a bargain in pearl buttons, all sizes, first quality, only 5c per dozen; white tape, four bunches for 5c; garter web, splendid value, 5c per yard; wood slate pencils, 7c a dozen; bone or agate collar buttons, 2 dozen for 5c; pompadour combs, a bargain at 9c; alarm clocks, 38c each; ladies' hose, 5c per pair; a select stock of sheet music, regularly worth 40c to 75c, all first-class and right up-to-date, choice 10c; a beautiful line of jardiners and pedestals, in rich new shapes and colorings, just received at a special mark-down sale for Friday only.

## THE FAIR.

OSTEOPATHIST

## Dr. J. T. Drake,

Graduate  
A. T. Still School,  
Kirksville, Mo.,  
Member A. A. O.

## Forewarned, Forearmed.

The liability to disease is greatly lessened when the blood is in good condition, and the circulation healthy and vigorous. For then all refuse matter is promptly carried out of the system; otherwise it would rapidly accumulate—fermentation would take place, the blood become polluted and the constitution so weakened that a simple malady might result seriously.

A healthy, active circulation means good digestion and strong, healthy nerves.

As a blood purifier and tonic S. S. S. has no equal. It is the safest and best remedy for old people and children because it contains no minerals, but is made exclusively of roots and herbs.

No other remedy so thoroughly and effectively cleanses the blood of impurities. At the same time it builds up the weak and debilitated, and renovates the entire system. It cures permanently all manner of blood and skin troubles.

Thos. W. Carter of Ashboro, N. C., had kidney trouble and Foley Kidney Cure effected a perfect cure, and he says there is no remedy that will compare with it.—Clarke & Kenney.

Mr. E. Kelly, of Urbana, O., writes: "I had Boils on my back for five years. It would break out in little white pustules, crusts would form and drop off leaving the skin red and inflamed. I did not know what to do and tried all the medications and salves without benefit. S. S. S. cured me and the skin is as clear and smooth as any one's."

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Send for our free book, and write to our physicians about your case. Medical advice free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

## You Do, or You Don't Need Glasses :

The eye being a rather delicate organ, great care should be exercised in the selection of proper glasses. Many believe that glasses should be restored to only when the sight becomes so defective as not to be able to do without. This is a great mistake which must be combated. Whenever there is unmistakable evidence of the need of their aid, they should be used. A neglect of this rule sometimes produces mischief which results in serious trouble if the course be persisted in.

Our Dr. C. H. BOWEN having just returned from taking a special course in Optics from one of the best specialists in New York, is prepared to do the best of work, having the latest improved methods of fitting. Examinations free. Next visit Thursday, Sept. 12, 1901.

## A. J. WINTERS &amp; CO. JEWELERS. Hello, 170

## SCHOOL COMMENCES

Soon and the little ones have to be shod. Remember we are selling

## Shoes at One-third

The price of our competitors. We have them from 49 cents a pair up to better grades.

## In Hosiery

We can not be beat, as we carry a full assortment all the time. Prices from 5 to 25 cents per pair.

## We have

On our Remnant Counter some remnants that can be made into school dresses.

## A Full

Line of Boys' and Misses' Underwear to select from to keep the little ones warm this winter.

## G. L. HEYMAN.

AL. GREENBAUM, Manager.

Paris, Kentucky.

## Notice To The Public.

Buck Freeman, the up-to-date barber, can always be found and will remain in his barber shop on Main street, ready to wait on you. Call and try his bath rooms. Everything at his shop is strictly first-class.

I HAVE one of the best established trades in the city from the simple fact that I run the best barber in town. Hot and cold baths always ready.

CARL CRAWFORD.

For a good clean shave and an up-to-date hair cut call at Tom Crawford's new barber shop, located in the old post office stand. No long waits.

(tf) COAL.—Try our South Jellico Blue Gem or mixed cannel, they are all good.

Order your Winter coal now.

19jy-tf J. S. WILSON & BRO.

My agency insures against fire, wind and storm—best old, reliable prompt paying companies—non-union. W. O. HINTON, Agt.

Those famous little pills, DeWitt's Little Early Risers compel your liver and bowels to do their duty, thus giving you pure, rich blood to recuperate your body. Are easy to take. Never gripe.

W. T. Brooks.

Thos. W. Carter of Ashboro, N. C., had kidney trouble and Foley Kidney Cure effected a perfect cure, and he says there is no remedy that will compare with it.—Clarke & Kenney.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve should be promptly applied to cuts, burns and scalds. It soothes and quickly heals the injured part. There are worthless counterfeits, leisure to get DeWitt's—W. T. Brooks.

Ask your dealer for a Stoner, 5 cent cigar, home made.

## OUR GREAT CLEARANCE SALE.



Just a few words by the way of explanation, so that the people may understand the full meaning of this GREAT SEMI-ANNUAL TRADE EVENT. Twice in each year,

## FEBRUARY AND AUGUST,

We hold these CLEARANCE SALES for the double purpose of closing out the season's stock (for under no circumstances do we carry goods from one season to another) and of sharing with the people the profits of the season's business. We have made our profits already.

We have in former sales surprised this community by the MAGNITUDE OF OUR BARGAINS. In this sale there is a complete

## COLLAPSE OF PRICES

Throughout the house. The ruthless knife of reduction has been plied with equal severity and equal precision in every department.

An early selection counts for much, as first comes fares best.



## PARKER &amp; JAMES,

FOURTH & MAIN STS., PARIS, KY.

## STRAW HATS ONE-HALF PRICE.

Y. M. B. O. D.

## SHIRT SALE.

Five dozen Stiff Bosom Shirts, Worth \$1.00, at

## THE BOURBON NEWS

(Entered at the Post-office at Paris,  
Ky., as second-class mail matter.)

TELEPHONE NO. 124.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES:  
(Payable in Advance.)

ONE YEAR... \$2.00 | SIX MONTHS... \$1.00

Make all Checks, Money Orders, Etc.,  
payable to the order of SWIFT CHAMP.ONE hundred and forty-one Parisians  
spent Sunday in Cincinnati.

CALL for the Stoner. 3wks

A STRONG flow of natural gas has been  
struck near Versailles.PRIZES offered for the Louisville  
Horse Show, which begins on October  
1, amount to \$14,000.HAL WOODFORD and sisters have pur-  
chased the residence of Mr. Florence  
Lockhart, on the Winchester turnpike.  
Price, \$7,000.REV. MR. JENKINS, the new President  
of Kentucky University, at Lexington,  
will preach at the Christian Church next  
Sunday morning.SOME one is scattering poison on the  
streets. Several canines have joined the  
silent majority. There are several more  
left which can be spared.At Winchester last week the question  
of granting or refusing liquor licenses  
was won by the liquor license advocates  
by a considerable majority.WANTED.—One hundred thousand  
bushels of bluegrass seed.

E. F. STEARS &amp; SONS.

ABOUT fifteen members of the lodge of  
Improved Order of Red Men in this city  
will go over to Richmond to-night to  
institute the new tribe in that city.At the time of going to press the City  
Council was examining the bids put in  
by the various companies for the con-  
tract of putting in the sewerage system  
in Paris.THE Fayette September grand jury,  
which will be impaneled to-morrow,  
will consider the charges made in connec-  
tion with the operation of the Lex-  
ington poolrooms.VISIT the Manhattan Shoe Shining  
Parlors, opposite Varden's drug store.  
On week days the price of shines will  
be five cents and ten cents on Sunday.LOST—Between Cottontown bridge  
and Mr. Bruce Miller's on Georgetown  
pike, a ladies jacket, of light brown  
check with green changeable silk lining.  
Finder please leave at this office.It is considered a dull day in Lex-  
ington when there isn't a murder. On  
Sunday Malinda Mosby, a colored  
woman, was arrested charged with the  
murder of her son, a half witted boy.YESTERDAY being a legal holiday the  
postoffice was closed. This was about  
the only observance of the day noticed  
here. At other places it was observed  
by large parades, public speaking, etc.THE Cynthiana Log Cabin, in speak-  
ing of the Knights Templar from that  
city in attendance at the Conclave in  
Louisville, says: "The party embraces  
about twenty-five Knights and several  
ladies." How would you like to be the  
party?As the 10:12 train from Cincinnati  
was passing through Cynthiana Satur-  
day night some miscreant threw a rock  
into the engine, striking the fireman—  
Charley Day, on the leg, inflicting a  
very serious injury. He was taken to  
the hospital at Cincinnati, where it was  
first thought the leg would have to be  
amputated, but later advices say he is  
doing very well and it is thought the  
leg can be saved.A NEW COAL YARD.—J. S. Wilson &  
Bro., the enterprising implement and  
seed men, have opened a coal yard on  
Second street, with office on Bank Row.THE Spooner Dramatic Company con-  
cluded a fairly good weeks business at the  
Grand on Saturday night and left yester-  
day morning for Frankfort where they  
opened a weeks engagement last night.  
The company gave good satisfaction while  
here and was pronounced one of the best  
repertoire companies ever in Paris.  
Miss Allie Spooner, although only 18  
years of age, played the parts of Lady  
Isabel and Madame Vime in "East  
Lynne" in a manner which would com-  
pare favorably with the late Ada Gray.  
Miss Spooner has been on the stage since  
her early childhood, having played the  
title role in "Little Lord Fauntleroy."THE Cynthiana Log Cabin tells of a  
resident of Pendleton county having his  
pocket picked of \$148 by a fortune teller  
connected with the Robinson circus, and  
says that skin games and some thing  
gambling devices were as thick as fleas  
on the monkeys. It was the same way  
in Paris, although we have not heard of  
any large sums being lost. To show  
that the circus proprietors themselves  
are in league with the swindlers, a  
prominent attache of the circus called  
at THE NEWS office on the day that they  
exhibited here, and after asking if there  
was anything he could do in the way of  
giving extra tickets, etc., requested that  
if they should happen to get into any  
trouble he would appreciate it as a favor  
THE NEWS would refrain from "roasting"  
the show.HENRY LEEN now living in Scott  
county is here, his first visit since leaving  
in 1861 with the Confederate army as a  
member of the Hamilton Guards, of this  
city. He is representing the Hiller-  
meyer New Army.

## School Openings.

The various schools of this city opened yesterday all with large attendance. The City School opened with an attendance of over four hundred. Considering the number of private schools this is an excellent showing. The following is the faculty: Prof. Steubelt, Supt.; Prof. Lucas, Principal of High School; Miss Fugate, Assistant; Miss Darsie, teacher in Eighth grade; Mrs. Sutherland, Seventh grade; Miss O'Brien, Sixth grade; Miss Kenney, Fifth grade; Miss Layton, Fourth grade; Miss Croxton, Third grade; Miss Bowden, Second grade; Miss Davis, First grade; Mrs. Buck, Instructor in Drawing.

The colored school opened to an over-flowing attendance with Rev. Graves as Principal and the same corps of teachers as last year.

Miss Bettie Ingels' school on Main between Ninth and Tenth opened with an attendance of fifteen.

Prof. Costello, who succeeded Prof. Terkes, had an attendance of 27, and several more have subscribed and will enter this week.

Mrs. Lizzie Walker, on High street, opened with an attendance of 22, with more to come during the week.

The streets presented quite an animated appearance yesterday morning as the youngsters were wending their way to school, and from the joyful expression of their countenances it would seem that going to school now is not the painful task it used to be in the past.

## Struck by a Train.

JAMES H. JACKSON, of the Hutchinson precinct, went to sleep on the L. & N. track about four miles out of town Saturday morning, and was struck by the 11:10 train. He was taken to St. Joseph's Hospital, at Lexington, where it was found his injuries were slight and he will be out in a few days.

## Keep Your Children At Home.

It is surprising as well as painful the way in which the parents of this city allow their young children to run the streets at night until a late hour. As late as 10 o'clock at night boys and girls of very tender years may be seen on the streets. In later years these same parents will be wondering what made their offspring so tough and why they so early lost control of them.

## Liberal With Money.

THE Cincinnati Weekly Enquirer offers \$56,000 in Cash Premiums for nearest correct guesses on the total vote of Ohio. The election in Ohio occurs on Thursday, November 5th, this year, and is for a Governor, State Officers and Legislators. The new Legislature will choose a United States Senator to succeed Senator Foraker.

The Enquirer also offers \$50 each week for the largest clubs of guesses received during that week. This is an excellent chance for obtaining money easy.

## Wanted—A 2:10 Trotting Horse.

Messrs. Charles and Paul Allen, well known horsemen, of New York, are guests of Peter Duryea, of Patchen Wilkes Stock Farm. These gentlemen are here looking for a stallion that can trot a mile in 2:10 or better. They haven't found one yet, and Mr. Duryea says they will not find what they are looking for.—Lexington Democrat.

To Michigan Resorts from Louis-  
ville or Cincinnati.

No change of cars required in going over Pennsylvania Short Lines, over which there is sleeping car service through from Ohio River gateways via Richmond and G. R. & I. to Petoskey, Traverse City, Bay View, Harbor Springs Mackinaw. Tourist tickets at special rates. Find out about them by communicating with C. H. Hagerty, P. Agt., Louisville, Ky.

## The Odeon Players.

The attraction at the Grand on next Friday night will be one of unusual merit. On that occasion the Odeon Players of Cincinnati, headed by Miss Mannheimer, the Instructor of Dramatic Art of the Cincinnati College of Music, will present two comedies, "Nance Oldfield" and "The Deacon." The former is Miss Mannheimer's own adaption of Chas. Reade's novel of that name and the latter is by the celebrated playwright Henry Arthur Jones, author of "The Middleman," "Judah," etc.

The management of the Grand recom-

mends this as being one of the most delightful and amusing entertainments to be seen here this season; the prices have been put at the low figures of 25c, 50c and 75c. The advance sale will go on Wednesday morning at Brooks' drug store.

MRS. BISHOP, widow of Mr. Thomas Bishop, lately deceased, was at the time

of going to press last night very ill, and

was not expected to live through the night. She has been afflicted with cancer for several years.

HENRY LEEN now living in Scott

county is here, his first visit since leaving

in 1861 with the Confederate army as a

member of the Hamilton Guards, of this

city. He is representing the Hiller-

meyer New Army.

## THE MOVING THRON.

Notes About Our Guests, Arrivals and Departures—Society Doing.

Mrs. Jessie Turney spent Friday in Cincinnati.

Mrs. Frank Fithian spent Saturday in Cincinnati.

Miss Letitia Smith is visiting friends in Shelbyville.

Robt. C. Talbott left Friday for a trip to Michigan.

Mrs. L. A. Soper, of Little Rock, is visiting in Louisville.

T. T. Templin made a business trip to London, Ky., Saturday.

Mr. W. H. Clay, of Lexington, was a court day visitor yesterday.

Frank Ireland, of Chicago, is visiting friends here at his old home.

Duncan Bell left Saturday for a trip to Buffalo and New York City.

Mrs. A. H. Hamilton, of Cincinnati, is visiting her father J. A. Stern.

J. U. Boardman made a business trip to Columbus, Ohio, last week.

R. L. Nesbitt, of Lebanon, Ky., is visiting the family of L. H. Myers.

Miss Babe Connell, who has been quite ill with fever, is convalescent.

Morris Renick, of Middletown, Ohio, is the guest of his father in this city.

Mr. W. L. Davis, of Louisville, spent Saturday and Sunday in Paris.

Mrs. Katie Lucas has returned from Estill Springs after a two months visit.

Mr. Reese, of Winchester, is the guest of lady friends in the city Sunday.

Mr. Sehon, of Huntington, W. Va., is the guest of lady friends in this city.

Miss Mattie Lilliston left Friday for Clinton, Tenn., to take charge of her school.

W. W. Mitchell and wife left Saturday for Stone Bank, Wis., for a short visit.

Mrs. D. C. Parrish, and Miss Maria Tipon, have returned from a delightful trip to Buffalo.

Misses Katie and Mamie Holliday will leave to-morrow to attend the Buffalo Exposition.

Talbott Clay is spending a few days with his friend, Dr. C. B. Dickson, at Clay City, Ky.

Miss Katie Keller, of Lexington is visiting her sisters Misses Nannie and Maggie Keller.

Miss Katie Keller has gone to Paris, Ky., to spend two weeks with relatives.—Lexington Leader.

Miss Lucy Arnold has returned to Covington after a pleasant visit to friends and relatives in this city.

Miss Madeline Herzogg has returned to Cincinnati after a visit to her uncle Mr. Isaac Price in this city.

Miss Katie Bird who has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. Newton, left on Monday for her home at Coppers, Ky.

Miss Annie May Simms left yesterday for North Middletown, where she will resume her duties as teacher.

William Goodloe gave a delightful boating party up Stoner last night in honor of the guests of Mayme Rion.

Mrs. Davis, nee Miss Iva Perry, of Newtown, was the guest of her presents Mr. and Mrs. Benj. Perry, last week.

Misses Etta and Mamie McClintock, Dr. Chas. Daugherty and J. Simms Wilson, returned Saturday from Torrent.

Prof. and Mrs. W. H. Lucas have re-

turned from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Osborne, of Tuckahoe, Mason county.

Rev. Father Burke arrived home last week from an extended trip to Colorado and is being warmly greeted by his many friends.

George Abney, formerly of THE NEWS office, who has been living at Irving, Ky., returned home on Saturday to reside.

D. Elliott Kelley, formerly of this city has been made cashier of the Central Bank of Lexington, vice Judge Durham, resigned.

Miss Katie Gay left Saturday for her home at Pisgah Ky., after a pleasant visit to her sister, Mrs. Newton Mitchell, on Duncan Avenue.

Miss Evelyn Craig, of Vevay, Ind., Mrs. Reese of Millersburg, and Miss Laura Boone, of North Middletown, are guests of Mayme Rion.

Mr. Isaac S. Johnson, formerly of this city, and his wife, of Pittsburgh, Pa., arrived on Sunday for a two weeks' visit to his brother, Mr. W. A. Johnson.

Albert Talbott has returned from Oklahoma and Indian Territory. Lafe Cunningham who went with him has gone to Colorado and may locate.

Hiram Duley and son Chas. Duley, of Flemingsburg Times-Democrat, passed through the city en route to Winchester, where the latter will attend school.

Mrs. Ed. Shropshire and daughter Miss Way, who have been visiting their parents Mrs. R. S. Burbridge and family left Monday for their home in Iowa.

Albert Hinton and Clell Turney, of Paris, who are sojourning at Olympian Springs, spent Wednesday with friends in this city.—[Mt. Sterling Sentinel.]

Misses Bessie Reddinger, of Ham-

ilton, Ohio, and Margaret Davis, of Lexington, who have been the guests of Mrs.

J. W. Davis, left for their homes yesterday.

Mrs. Claude Campbell and babe of Paris, are visiting near this city... Miss Burton Sallae is home from a visit to Mrs. Wm. Remington, of Paris.—Maysville Ledger.

Master Allan Ashbrook, who has been spending a week with his aunt, Mrs. Jas. Headley, of the Russell Cape road leaves to-day for his home in Paris.—Lexington Leader.

Miss Annie L. Watters, who was the attractive guest of Miss Rebecca Dudley and who afterwards spent several days with the campers at Natural Bridge, left last Friday for Washington Grove, Md.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Wallas entertained at dinner Saturday evening Miss Katherine Tebb, of Clark county, and her fiance, Mr. James Madison Jackson of Parkersburg, W. Va., who is in Kentucky for a visit.—Lexington Leader.

A New York telegram to the Cincinnati Enquirer of Sunday said: Among those who witnessed the running of the big Futurity race Saturday at the Sheephead Bay track were J. S. Sweeney, F. Clay, D. D. Crockett and Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Elliott, of Paris, Ky.

A most pleasing ball masque was indulged in by the guests at Torrent last week. Among those who were en masque were the following from Paris: Misses Gertrude Renick, Sadie Hart, Annie May Simms, Etta and Mamie McClintock, Messrs. Talbott Clay, J. Simms Wilson, and Dr. C. G. Daugherty.

Mrs. Speed G. Hibler, who some time since was a patient at the Good Samaritan Hospital, was brought to Lexington on the 6:25 L. & N. train last evening from her home in Paris and taken in the ambulance to St. Joseph's Hospital, where at last midnight she was operated on by Drs. Barkley and Andrews, of this city and Dr. Wm. Kenney, of Paris, for appendicitis. Mrs. Hibler was reported as doing well to-day.—Lexington Leader.

SMOKE THE STONER 3wks

Stock and Crop.

E. J. Johnson has bought from R. J. Levi 90 1/2 acres land near Lair for \$5,500. Mr. Levi will likely remove to Cynthiana.

L. Kaltreider, of Pennsylvania, bought 40 mule colts at McClure & Caldwell's stable, at Berry, at an average price of \$28.

The Bay col

## THE KNIGHT TEMPLARS

H. B. Stoddard, of Texas, Elected Grand Commander.

Frank H. Thomas Captured Junior Grand Wardenship—The Next Conclave Will Be Held in San Francisco in 1904.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 30.—After electing officers and selecting San Francisco as the place of meeting the first Tuesday in September, 1904, the 28th triennial conclave of Knights Templar, which has been in progress here since Tuesday, Thursday adjourned to the date set, and the festivities came to a climax at a magnificent ball held Thursday night at the horse show building.

Henry Bates Stoddard, of Texas, was elected grand commander to succeed Reuben H. Lloyd, of California.

Col. George M. Moulton, of Chicago, was elected to succeed Mr. Stoddard as deputy grand master.

Rev. W. H. Rugg, of Rhode Island, advanced one rank to the office of grand generalissimo, made vacant by the election of Col. Moulton.

William B. Melish, of Cincinnati, O., was elected to succeed Rugg as captain general, while Joseph A. Locke, of Portland, Me., the junior grand warden, was made senior grand warden.

These officers were elected without opposition. The only contest came in the election of grand recorder and junior grand warden. There were 15 candidates. On the first ballot Frank H. Thomas, of Washington, D. C., received 137 votes. As only 141 votes are necessary to choose, it was regarded as certain that the second ballot would elect him. The second ballot gave the office to Thomas, he receiving 185 out of 208.

In the contest for the grand recordership W. H. Mayo, of St. Louis, who held the office for six years, was pitted against John A. Gerow, of Detroit. Mr. Mayo led on the first ballot, but lost steadily thereafter, and the office went to the Detroiter on the fifth ballot. H. Wales Lines, of Connecticut, was re-elected grand treasurer practically without opposition.

The installation of the new officers followed. Sir Knight Stoddard, the new grand master, was given an enthusiastic reception by Texas templars Thursday night.

### THE STEAMBOAT EXPLOSION.

Four More Bodies Found. Making a Total of Twenty-Five So Far Recovered.

Philadelphia, Aug. 30.—It developed Thursday that the result of the explosion of the boiler on the steamer City of Trenton, while on her way up the Delaware river from this city to Trenton, was more appalling than was at first supposed. Nine persons are known to be dead, at least 20 are missing, most of whom are believed to have been on the steamer, and two of the injured still in the hospital will probably die.

Although the searchers have been dragging the river ever since Wednesday afternoon, they have been unable to find any more bodies. That there are more victims in the river is the firm belief of the authorities, and their failure to find additional dead is supposed to be due to the strong current in the river.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—The bodies of four more victims of the steamboat explosion on the Delaware river last Wednesday were found Sunday, making a total of 25 bodies so far recovered. Three of them were identified as Clara Weid, aged 13; Nellie Ballantyne, aged 23, and Elizabeth Gillison, aged 23. Four persons are still missing and six lie at the morgue waiting identification.

It is probable that the missing may be among the unidentified, as several of the bodies were burned beyond recognition.

### PRESIDENT'S DAY.

Ceremonies Which Will Mark McKinley's Visit to the Exposition Arranged.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 2.—The ceremonies and other formal functions which will mark President McKinley's visit to the Pan-American exposition have been finally arranged by the committee on reception. President McKinley and party will arrive at the station of the New York Central railroad from Canton about 6 o'clock on the evening of September 4. They will be met at Dunkirk by a special committee. On arriving here a presidential salute of 21 guns will be fired by a squad of United States soldiers from Fort Porter, bells will ring and whistles blow. Escorted by a platoon of mounted police, the president will be driven to the residence of John G. Milburn, where, with his party, he will be entertained during his stay in Buffalo.

On Thursday, President's day, President McKinley will leave Mr. Milburn's house for the exposition at 10 o'clock. On Friday morning the president will be taken for a drive through the grounds to Niagara Falls by special train. He will return at 4 o'clock and hold a public reception in the Temple of Music.

St. Louis, Sept. 2.—Under the direction of Chief Architect Isaac S. Taylor, a party of surveyors, whose duty it will be to run the lines of buildings to be erected on the world's fair site in Forest park, will drive the first stake of the Louisiana Purchase Centennial exposition next Tuesday.

### AIDED THE REBELS.

The Governments of Ecuador and Venezuela Prolonging the Colombian Revolution.

New York, Aug. 30.—The following dispatch was received dated Bogota, August 27, from a Colombian official of high rank: "Gen. Pedro D. Osipino, acting minister of war, who has prepared an excellent and extensive plan of campaign, confirms the reports that within the last 15 days he has destroyed nearly all of the Colombian guerrillas.

The government of Colombia has maintained neutrality regarding Ecuador and Venezuela notwithstanding the fact that the governments of the said countries have upheld and effectively aided the rebels of Colombia, thus prolonging the revolution in this country.

Recently the revolutionary chiefs of Colombia have met on the frontier of Venezuela to organize new invasions of Colombia, using the munitions of war accumulated by the government of Venezuela on her frontiers.

A party of Venezuelans surrounded near Cucuta, are about to return to their country. They are commanded by Rangel Garibaris.

The position taken by the government of Colombia is one of peace and neutrality. These are fundamental canons in her foreign policy. The frontiers of Colombia are sufficiently defended. Colombia feels certain that she can maintain her rights and repel whatever foreign invasions may offer."

Colon, Colombia, Aug. 30.—Dr. Louis Carlos Rico, Colombian minister to Venezuela, before his departure for Bogota officially assured Senor Velez, governor of Cartagena that he was going to inform his government with reference to the situation between Venezuela and Colombia. He expressed the opinion that peace would be preserved by and between both nations and that the existing difficulties would be overcome.

The Colombian official newspaper in Cartagena declares that the entire province of Pachira, Venezuela, touching Colombia south of Maracaibo, is in the power of the Venezuelan leader, Gen. Rangel Garibaris. It asserts also, that the Colombia general, Gonzales, Valencia, until recently Colombian minister of war, is now on the frontier, with no less than 10,000 Colombian troops disposed in the province of Santander and maintaining the sovereignty of Colombia there.

### WAR OF EXTERMINATION.

The Kurds Have Recommended the Massacre and Extermination of the Armenians.

London, Aug. 30.—The Daily Mail publishes Friday an article written by Ali Nouri Bey, former Turkish consul in Rotterdam, declaring that the massacre of Armenians by Kurds, which has just recommenced, is part of a regular system of extermination. He says: "The number of Armenians killed will depend upon the outcry raised in Europe and the pressure brought to bear upon the sultan. The same horrible process will be repeated year by year until all are killed."

### PLOW MANUFACTURERS.

Nearly Thirty Firms of the United States Will Consolidate Their Interests.

Chicago, Aug. 30.—Nearly 30 plow manufacturers of the United States were in session Thursday, discussing for a plan for a consolidation of all the plow interests in the country.

After the meeting, it was announced that the proposed consolidation was practically a sure thing from present prospects, and that about \$50,000,000 will be represented in the organization when it should be completed.

### TWO GIRLS' COMPACT.

They Agreed to Commit Suicide, But One of Them Failed to Carry Out the Contract.

Clarendon, Ark., Aug. 30.—As the result of a compact between Rosa Pride and Minnie Smith, girls 18 years of age, the former committed suicide. The young women had agreed to end their lives because of disappointment in love, and two bottles of laudanum were procured. Miss Pride swallowed her poison and died, but Miss Smith did not carry out the compact.

### Branch of A. F. of L. in Porto Rico.

Washington, Aug. 30.—The American Federation of Labor, with headquarters in this city, has granted the first charter for a general branch of that order in Porto Rico. The organization in that island is treated as any other state organization.

### Ex-Gov. C. A. Busiel Dead.

Laconia, N. H., Aug. 30.—Charles A. Busiel, former governor of New Hampshire, died at his home here Thursday of heart disease. He was 59 years of age. In politics he was a republican.

### Hotel Burned.

Pittsburg, Aug. 30.—The Rankin hotel, Rankin, Pa., was totally destroyed by fire. The guests barely escaped with their lives. A guest named Oates jumped from a third-story window, broke his left arm and was badly bruised.

Says It's a Fake.

Chicago, Aug. 30.—Gen. Otis, who was in command at Manila at the time Mrs. Aguinaldo is said to have forewarned the Americans of a plot to burn the city, denies the story saying there is no foundation for it.

## SOUTH AFRICAN WAR.

Boers Are Receiving Support on All Sides in Cape Colony.

Lord Kitchener's Banishment Proclamation Will Not Result in the Surrendering of a Single Important Commandant.

London, Aug. 31.—Some interesting sidelights are thrown on the South African war by advices published Saturday. A dispatch from Cape Town to the Daily Mail indicates that Scheepers' commandos have now moved to the southwest and invaded a part of Cape Colony previously undisturbed by the Boers, while more severe restrictions have been imposed, with the object of preventing communication between Cape Town and the newly disturbed areas. The Cologne Gazette's correspondent in Cape Town declares that the entire Cape Colony is a "seething mass of disorder and alarm." He asserts also that the Boers are receiving aid from all sides.

Edgar Wallace, writing to the Daily Mail, expresses a decided opinion that Lord Kitchener's banishment proclamation will not result in the surrender of a single important commandant, and that much severer penalties are needed, the only useful policy being vigorous military measures.

In the early part of August a correspondent of the Morning Post had a long talk with Lord Kitchener, from which he gathered that "it is not Lord Kitchener, but the government, that is to blame for many of the present evils."

Lord Kitchener, it seems, complained that the home government continually worried him about trivial details, "merely to reply to parliamentary heckling," and that this compelled him to enforce a strict censorship over telegrams, although possibly he objected to the present system. He said he thought correspondents ought to be given greater liberty, and to be made responsible for their statements. He avoided expressing any opinion about the "approaching end of the war," and disengaged the correspondent from speaking concerning it.

### H. VICTOR NEWCOMB.

Once Well-Known Figure on Wall Street Discharged From a Sanitarium.

New York, Aug. 31.—H. Victor Newcomb, at one time a well-known figure in Wall street, was discharged from a sanitarium Friday, where he had been for two years. Mr. Newcomb was born in Louisville, Ky., in 1844. His father was president of the L & N. railroad. He was elected to the same position after his father's death, in 1881, after resigning the presidency on account of ill-health, he came to New York and established the United States national bank, and became its president. Associated with him in the management of the bank were Gen. U. S. Grant, Morris K. Jessup, William B. Travers and Henry B. Hyde.

### MADDENED BABOON.

An Omaha Editor Attacked and Perhaps Fatally Injured By the Animal.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 31.—William A. A. Pixley, amusement editor of a local paper, was perhaps fatally injured by a maddened baboon. Mr. Pixley was visiting the dressing tent of a dog and pony show, accompanied by his sister. The baboon, known as "Jim Robinson," attacked Pixley, biting him several times, and opening the flesh in gaping wounds. The Pasteur treatment was at once administered to prevent the spread of the poison caused by the animal's teeth. The management of the show say the baboon objected to the presence of a woman in the tent.

### MURDER IN SECOND DEGREE.

Two of the Lynchers of Robert White, Colored, Sentenced to the Penitentiary for Ten Years.

Wetumpka, Ala., Aug. 31.—The jury in the cases of John Strength and Martin Fuller, charged with having participated in the lynching of Robert White, a Negro, returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree and sentenced the defendants to ten years in the penitentiary.

This makes three convictions in these cases, George Howard having been sentenced to life imprisonment a few days ago.

### COLLECTOR HOEY ARRAIGNED.

Charged With Fraudulently Conspiring to Admit Chinese Into This Country.

Nogales, Ariz., Aug. 30.—William A. Hoey, formerly of Muncie, Ind., United States collector of customs at this port, was arraigned Thursday before United States Commissioner George on information that he had fraudulently conspired to admit Chinese into this country from Mexico. The principal witness was George W. Webb.

### Applied For a Writ of Mandamus.

Helena, Mont., Aug. 30.—Counsel for the Royal Mitchell Furniture Co., of Cincinnati, which was awarded a \$35,000 furniture contract by the state and then left it because it is not a union establishment, have applied to the supreme court for a writ of mandamus to compel the state furnishing board to sign a contract. The court issued an alternative writ of mandamus returnable October 1.

### Mother Superior Killed.

Durango, Col., Aug. 30.—By the turning over of a Pullman car on a Rio Grande train near Chama, New Mexico, Mother Baptiste, of Denver, mother superior of Colorado, was killed and Sister Mary Nore and Harriet McCoy, also of Denver, and Pullman Conductor Whan were injured.

### Business Failures.

New York, Aug. 31.—Business failures for the week number 188, against 181 last week, 165 in this week a year ago, 181 in 1899, 164 in 1908 and 198 in 1897. Canadian failures number 20, as against 24 last week, 32 in this week a year ago. 25 in 1899 and 23 in 1898.

### Governor of Porto Rico.

Washington, Aug. 31.—The president appointed Wm. H. Hunt, of Montana, to be governor of Porto Rico. Mr. Hunt is an associate justice of the supreme court of Montana.

### FROM CONSUMPTION.

Brig. Gen. William Ludlow, F. S. A., Passed Away at Convent, N. J.—A Distinguished Officer.

New York, Aug. 31.—Brig. Gen. Wm. Ludlow, F. S. A., died at Convent, N. J. He had been suffering from consumption for some time. His illness was first noticed on his arrival in the Philippines in May last. He was at once sent home in the hope that the American climate would restore him.

Gen. Ludlow entered the military academy from New York, and graduated before the close of the civil war. He entered the corps of engineers, for which he was breveted lieutenant colonel. Many important works of coast defense and river and harbor improvements have been under his charge and he was a member of the Nicaragua canal commission which made a report on that project. In May, 1898, he was made a brigadier general of volunteers, and took an important part in the operations around Santiago. He was promoted to major general of volunteers in recognition of his services. At the close of the Spanish war he became a brigadier general in the regular army.

And then the wicked nephew had to go out behind the woodshed to laugh.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

### She Knew Amos Keeter.

She was a very talkative old aunty and her memory was remarkable. Her nephew from the city soon realized the strength of both of these characteristics.

"Say, aunty," he put in when he found an opening in the old lady's continuous chain of reminiscences, "did you ever know the Skeeter family that used to live around here somewhere?"

"Knew 'em all," cried the old lady, without a moment's hesitation. "Yes, indeed." "Did you know Amos?" continued the girl.

"Amos Keeter!" cried the old lady again. "Well, I should say I did. Many's the party he's taken me to. Amos Keeter! Dear, dear, how his name does call up the good old times!"

And then the wicked nephew had to go out behind the woodshed to laugh.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

### An Easy One.

Mrs. Graves—He is so cold! It is dreadful! I sit all the evening playing upon the piano, and he sits in his chair and never utters a word the entire evening.

Mrs. Wyse—Sits and hears you play all the evening? Why, you silly woman, it is evident he loves you to distraction.—Boston Transcript.

### A Reasonable Query.

Johnnie—Wuz Samson strong becoz he had such long hair?

Father—Yes, my son.

"Is that why you're afraid uv maw?"—Ohio State Journal.

### Like an Employee.

When the night watchman found a strange man stealing funds from the vault of the bank his indignation knew no bounds.

"You've got your nerve!" exclaimed the watchman. "Anybody'd think you was employed here, actually!"—Puck.

### Quite Proper.

Subbubs—I hear the small farmers out our way talking about their truck patches. Wonder why they call them patches?

Citizen—Why not? They're sewed on, you know.—Philadelphia Press.

### Generous.

"He has married a fortune, but he is too generous to keep it long."

"Yes?"

"Why, even his wife has only to ask him for money and she gets it!"—Detroit Free Press.

It must be heavenly to be a baby and be privileged to screw up your face and howl whenever people you don't like speak to you.—Atchison Globe.

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## THE DUQUESNE PLANT

Strike Matters Are Now Centered at the Mills There.

The Amount of Strike Benefits to Be Paid the Strikers Has Been Placed at \$40,000 Every Week.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 31.—While there is no actual change in the steel strike situation, much transpired calculated soon to produce results. The conference between the Bay View committee and the Amalgamated officials, the continued efforts of President Burns, of the Window Glass Workers' association, to bring about arbitration or conciliation, the scathing editorial in the Labor World, calling for the impeachment of President Shaffer; the march of the strikers of McKeesport to Duquesne, and the decided effect of the injunction proceedings at Canal Dover, O., all indicate that the crisis is approaching, and that an important change in affairs is not far distant. What the outcome will be no man can tell.

The details of the conference of the Bay View committee and the Amalgamated officials has not yet been divulged by either party, but the fact that the committee is here at all would indicate that the Bay View strikers are uneasy.

Notwithstanding the report from New York that no conference has been held or arranged for between C. M. Schwab and Simon Burns looking to arbitration, the latter has not relaxed his efforts in this direction, and seems determined to bring about some sort of compromise.

The first break in the strike at McKeesport was made Friday evening when about 40 men went to work in the seamless tube department of the National tube works. The men returned to work on the same basis they worked before the sympathetic strike was inaugurated. The men did not organize, although they met with the Federation of Labor men a number of times.

Pittsburg, Sept. 2.—The principal interest in strike matters Sunday was centered in the Duquesne plant, where it was expected the strikers would make a decided move toward closing down the entire works. The report from there Sunday night said the situation was critical. The two boss melters and all first helpers went to work as usual Sunday morning, and all 12 furnaces were charged. Only one second helper went in, and all ladle men stayed out. The strikers made a thorough house to house canvass of open hearth men all day. At 4 o'clock, the time for helping and ladle men to go on, pickets were on duty on the streets and turned back three ladle men. The night turn was badly crippled, but men were brought from the Bessemer department to help out and the mill is running full. Sixty of the day turn men are off, and the strikers say not a man will report Monday morning. If the open hearth is shut down the 40-inch mill must also shut down.

A conservative estimate of the amount of strike benefits that are to be paid by the Amalgamated association to its striking members now idle has been placed at \$40,000 every week. This is basing the number of beneficiaries at 10,000 and the average payment to a member at \$4 a week. Secretary Williams, of the association, said that the payments will be made every two weeks, commencing September 14, and will be continued so long as the strike lasts.

The strikers stole a march on the manager of the Star tin plant at about midnight and took from him nine of a party of 12 non-unions being taken to the mill.

### REBELS DEFEATED.

Important Engagement in Batangas Province Between Hale's Troops and Insurgents.

Manila, Sept. 2.—Everything points to the early capture or surrender of Miguel Malvar, the insurgent leader. When either event occurs everything will be favorable to the establishment of permanent peace.

It is in the plans of the military authorities as a first step toward reducing the force, to make two departments instead of four, which would result in a considerable saving. The headquarters of one department would be Manila and of the other Iloilo.

Each day shows an increasing number of surrenders and captures in all the disaffected districts. Later accounts of the recent engagement in Batangas province between Capt. H. C. Hale, with a detachment of the 20th infantry, and the insurgent leader, Gonzales, show that it was more important than it was first considered. Many deserters and renegades were seen and heard giving commands in English. Col. Gracias, two officers and 50 men were killed after an engagement lasting three hours.

Monday Dr. Pardee de Tavares, Benito Legardo and Jose Luzuraga took the oath of office as members of the Philippine commission. The American members, with their secretaries, have been assigned to the following administrative departments: Mr. Worcester, department of the interior; Mr. Wright, department of commerce and police; Mr. Ide, department of finance and justice, and Mr. Moses, department of public instruction. The commission is considering the advisability of abolishing the income tax and of making other changes in internal revenue.

Two new political parties are in process of formation, Senor Paterno heading one and Senor Pineda the other. Both favor the ultimate independence of the Philippines.

Senor Paterno proposes that the members of the congressional party who came on the transport McClellan to examine into the general administration of affairs in the Philippines to be awarded medals bearing on one side features of the Goddess of Liberty and on the other the inscription, "Home Rule for the Philippines."

Within a few months electric traction will replace horse power on the street railroads in Manila.

### TRADE IN CUBA.

The Exports and Imports During the First Seven Months of This Year.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Some figures relating to the export and import trade of Cuba for the first seven months of this year, compared with a similar period last year, just published by the division of insular affairs, war department, indicate that radical changes are going on in that trade, and that the United States and other North American countries are the sufferers in this turn of trade.

Over a large share of this exclusive residence territory the water rushed with terrific force, varying in depth from one to six feet. Culverts, tunnels and bridges were torn down, and for hours nothing seemed capable of stemming the tide of destruction. Hundreds of residents, who were imprisoned in their beautiful homes like stranded islanders, were almost frantic. Danger signals were flashed about the city speedily as the disabled telephone system would allow and the work of rescue commenced.

Rowboats plied back and forth assisting whole families from perilous positions, but these proved fitfully inadequate, and it was soon found necessary to go to the extraordinary precaution of calling on the life saving crew from the river, a distance of seven miles.

The life boats were quickly loaded on wagons and hurried to the scene of destruction.

The torrent surged with awful force for hours in Deering street, from Fairmount to the Boulevard, and over a dozen families were penned in like rats in a trap, with water five and six feet deep surrounding their homes. At this point the life saving crew worked valiantly, and assisted by squads of firemen and policemen, finally succeeded in landing the terror-stricken people in places of safety.

The fear was greatly enhanced by the momentary expectation that the great Shaker Heights dam would break loose and belch forth terrible destruction.

Shortly before noon the torrent succeeded in undermining a score of graves in St. Joseph cemetery, at the corner of East Madison and Woodward, and the bodies were soon being tossed about in the waters.

The great flood booted over the banks of Doan brook all along the Boulevard and caused damage that it will take months to repair. Great jagged holes are torn in the beautiful driveway, and the look of ruin stretches in every direction.

The street railways will suffer an immense loss, extending in varying degrees over every portion of the city.

### CLEVELAND FLOODED.

A Cloudburst Does About \$1,000,000 Worth of Damage.

The Surging Waters Spread Over An Area Nearly Eight Miles Long and About One and a Half Miles in Width.

Cleveland, Sept. 2.—With the breaking of dawn Sunday morning the citizens of Cleveland awoke to look upon a scene of unparalleled devastation and destruction caused by a raging flood. While the entire city was more or less affected, the great volume of raging water vented its anger over miles of the eastern portion of the city and caused an amount of damage approximated at \$1,000,000. The appalling overflow was caused by a terrific rain that commenced to fall shortly after 2 o'clock, turning into a perfect cloudburst between the hours of 3 and 5, and then continued with great force until nearly 10 o'clock. The storm, according to the weather officials, was the heaviest that ever swept over Cleveland since the establishment of the government bureau in this city over 40 years ago. That no lives were lost is nothing short of a miracle, as the stories of thrilling escapes from the water on several of the principal residential streets of the city are told.

The surging waters spread over an area in the east end nearly eight miles long and a mile and a half wide. Great volumes of water poured over from Doan and Giddings brooks down Quincy street, swamped Vienna street, rushed over Cedar avenue, back over on East Prospect street, rushed like a mill race down Lincoln avenue to Euclid avenue, and then on to Glen Park place, where houses were undermined as though built of straw, and almost incredible damage done to streets and property.

Such shavings, which were formerly thrown away, now find a ready market, being compressed to solidity by special machine. This machine bales five tons of shavings in ten hours, which is about the daily surplus of a fair-sized planing-mill. One operator does all the work.

Such shavings are used largely for burning lime; they form an economical fuel for making steam, being consumed slowly and developing a heat almost as intense as that of good coal.

In North Carolina vast quantities of pine needles are gathered and prepared for stuffing cushions and furniture, being so treated as to preserve the balsamic odor, for which a medicinal virtue is claimed. Mattresses filled with this material are largely sold for hospitals.

An oil distilled from the needles is put up as a medicine, and the needles themselves are utilized to make bagging.

Wood oil is now made on a large scale in Sweden from the refuse of timber cuttings, stumps and roots.

### UMBRELLA FOR CUE.

Clever Performance of Peall, the English Billiardist, Astounding Amateur Experts.

Peall, the English billiard champion, had a few tricks that were peculiarly his own. Some time ago a couple of men with whom none of the others was acquainted were sitting in the billiardroom of a hotel at a Lancashire watering place and commenting good-humoredly, the one to the other, upon the play of the men who were engaged at the table, says the Chicago Chronicle. One player, who had more style than execution, and more self-assurance than either, challenged the room, and seeing a smile upon the face of the smaller of the two strangers, made it difficult for him to refuse acceptance of the challenge. "Your cues are rather too long for me," said the little man, as he pattered up to the table, "but this will do."

The "this" indicated was a very elegant tightly folded umbrella. The local champion, thinking that his opponent was joking, broke, leaving his ball in balk. To the astonishment of all, the stranger followed, playing with his umbrella. At first the company held their breath in amazement, deeming the man the rawest tyro or the finest sample of madman.

But there was infinite method in the supposititious madness of the unknown, for, plying his wand-like cue with exquisite skill, he got the balls of the top of the table, and in one inning ran out. There was a yell of laughter and enthusiasm over the feat, and the unhappy challenger was mercilessly "chipped." He did not take kindly to the turn of events, but feebly protested that it was very damaging to the balls that an ordinary umbrella tip should be used as a cue. He proposed to mention the matter to the landlord. Mine host appeared, and instantly recognized the miniature wizard Peall, the redoubtable champion of the all-in game. His identity revealed, the victor then explained that his innocent-looking "gamp" was fitted with a proper cue point, carried inside a detachable ferrule. Another man is now lauded as the champion of that town, and the voice of Peall's victim is heard no more in the room.

### THE EXPIATORY MISSION.

It Is Doubtful Whether Prince Chun and His Party Will Go to Berlin.

Berlin, Sept. 2.—It is now very doubtful, according to a dispatch to the Lokal Anzeiger from Basel, Switzerland, whether Prince Chun will come to Berlin to make formal apology for the murder of Baron Ketteler. Members of the expiatory mission say: "Under present conditions we can never go to Berlin. We would rather die than accept them."

It appears that they object particularly to Prince Chun's attendants prostrating themselves before Emperor William, inasmuch as this is a special honor reserved for the emperor of China and would involve a recognition of the kaiser's equality.

### Boers Blow Up a Train.

London, Sept. 2.—Lord Kitchener reports to the war office that nine persons were killed and 17 others wounded in the blowing up and derailing of the train which the Boers destroyed Saturday between Waterford and Hamar's Kraal.

### President of Ecuador.

Guaquai, Ecuador, Sept. 2.—In accordance with the constitution of Ecuador, President Alfaro at 12 o'clock Saturday night gave over the presidential office to his successor, Gen. Leonidas Plaza.

### NEW USES FOR SAWDUST.

Compressed Into Various Forms of Utility—Use of Pine Needles.

Sawdust, which used to be a waste product of the mills, is now being utilized in a number of ways. Compressed into bricks with tar, it is employed for making gas, the bricks being carbonized in fire-clay retorts. About 80 percent of their weight is converted into gas. From 30,000 to 40,000 cubic feet of gas are obtained from each ton of the bricks, says the Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

Compressed into blocks with coal-dust, sawdust makes an excellent fuel, 300 pounds of which are said to be equal to 50 pounds of soft coal. It gives little smoke and no ashes worth mentioning. Bricks of clay and sawdust are recommended for building, being only half as heavy as ordinary bricks and taking plaster direct without the intervention of laths. In apartment houses sawdust is largely used for filling walls and floors, to deaden sound.

Mortar for building has been made recently from sawdust instead of sand. Hardwood dust, which is worth much more than softwood dust, is utilized for smoking hams, being preferred to cordwood because it smolders slowly. Many objects of decorative art are made by compressing sawdust. Immense quantities of this material are used in ice-houses, fish-markets and in every industry in which ice is employed largely. The distillation of wood alcohol and various chemicals from sawdust has become an enormous business.

Wood shavings, which were formerly thrown away, now find a ready market, being compressed to solidity by special machine. This machine bales five tons of shavings in ten hours, which is about the daily surplus of a fair-sized planing-mill. One operator does all the work.

Such shavings are used largely for burning lime; they form an economical fuel for making steam, being consumed slowly and developing a heat almost as intense as that of good coal. In North Carolina vast quantities of pine needles are gathered and prepared for stuffing cushions and furniture, being so treated as to preserve the balsamic odor, for which a medicinal virtue is claimed. Mattresses filled with this material are largely sold for hospitals.

An oil distilled from the needles is put up as a medicine, and the needles themselves are utilized to make bagging.

Wood oil is now made on a large scale in Sweden from the refuse of timber cuttings, stumps and roots.

### A SAD MISFORTUNE.

Clever Performance of Peall, the English Billiardist, Astounding Amateur Experts.

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### Easy Clothes of the Chinese.

American clothes are not made for the performance of much stooping or domestic gymnastics, but the Chinaman, in his loose, easy fitting clothes, is as free to stoop, jump, run or turn handsprings as a small boy is bathing. In a Chinese suit of clothes you can lie down and sleep with the same amount of comfort that you can stand up and walk.—N. Y. Times.

### More Food Consumed Far North.

The army allows about 33,000 pounds of food a year for 15 men, but in the arctic regions people eat at least a quarter as much more. It costs three dollars a month more to feed a man in Greenland than in New York—Albany Argus.

### Might Be Unimportant.

The Yachtsman—Of course it makes a difference if a skipper loses his head. The Tar—Well, sir, that depends on whether he's got anything in it.—Puck



### A Future Financier.

"So you think your boy has what they call the business instinct, do you?"

"Yes. He sold his new jackknife to the Roberts boy for a nickel yesterday."

"I don't see much business about that. The knife must have been worth more than a nickel."

"It was; but you see he says he can borrow the knife and use it whenever he wants to and give it back when he's through, which he couldn't do with the nickel."—Chicago Record-Herald.

### Proof of Blindness.

"Well, William, did you give the government my note?" asked the gentleman of his rustic servant.

"Yes, sir, I gave it to him, but there's no use writing letters to him, he can't see to read 'em. He's blind, sir, blind as a bat."

"Blind!"

"Yes, sir, blind. Twit he asked me where my hat was, and I had it on my head all the time. Blind as a bat, sir. No doubt about it!"—Chicago Tribune.

### What Else Said.

"I'm afraid I can't interest my five-year-old Elsie in fairy tales any longer."

"And why not?"

"I was telling her about the 'Forty Thieves,' and when I got to the 40 oil jars with a thief in each jar, what do you suppose she said?"

"I give it up."

"She said: 'Wouldn't that jar you?'"

—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

### A Fair Exchange.

A little boy was suffering from a severe cold, and his mother gave him a bottle of cough mixture to take while at school. On his return she asked him if he had taken his medicine.

"No," he answered; "but Bobby Jones did. He liked it, so I swapped with him for a handful of nuts."—Tit-Bits.

### Dolly Gray Up-to-Date.

"Good-by, Dolly! I must leave you, though it breaks my heart to go. Something tells me I am needed."</p

# PUBLIC SALE!

I will on

**SATURDAY, SEPT. 14,**

**AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.,**

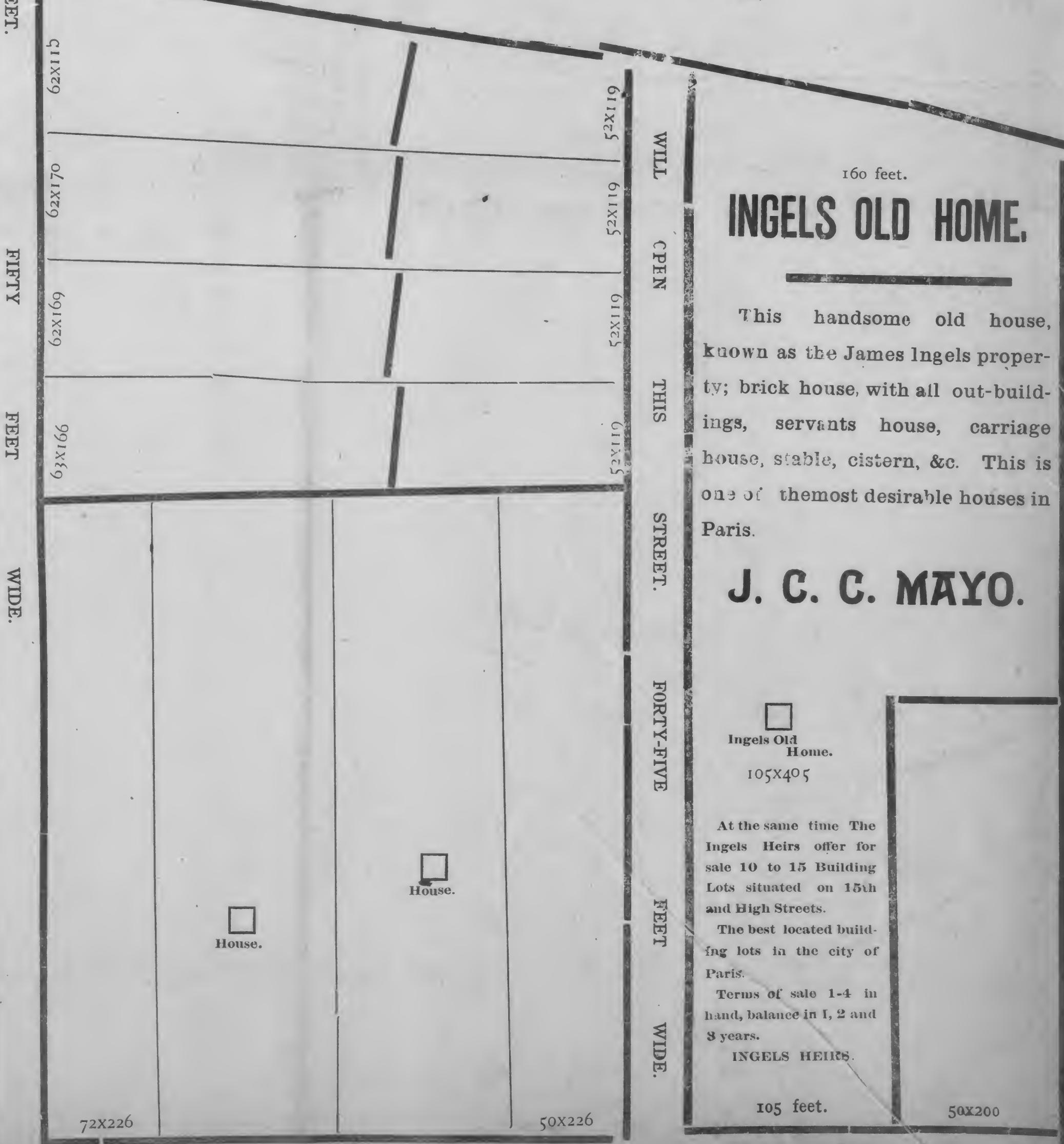
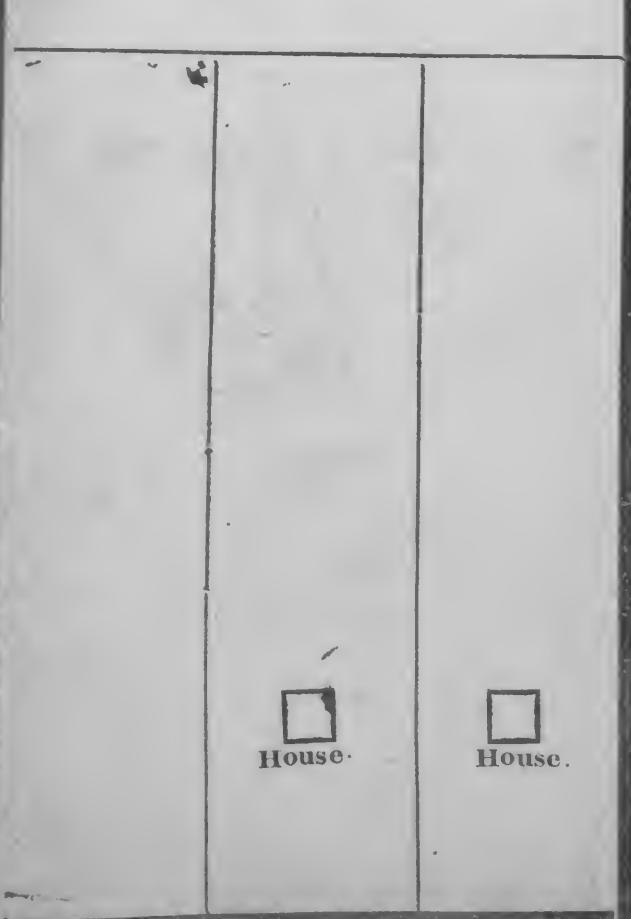
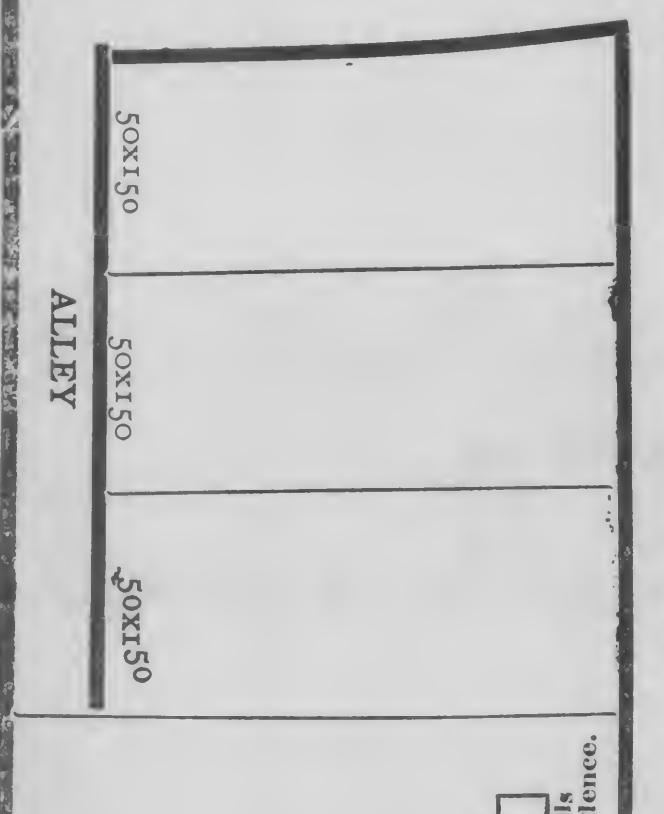
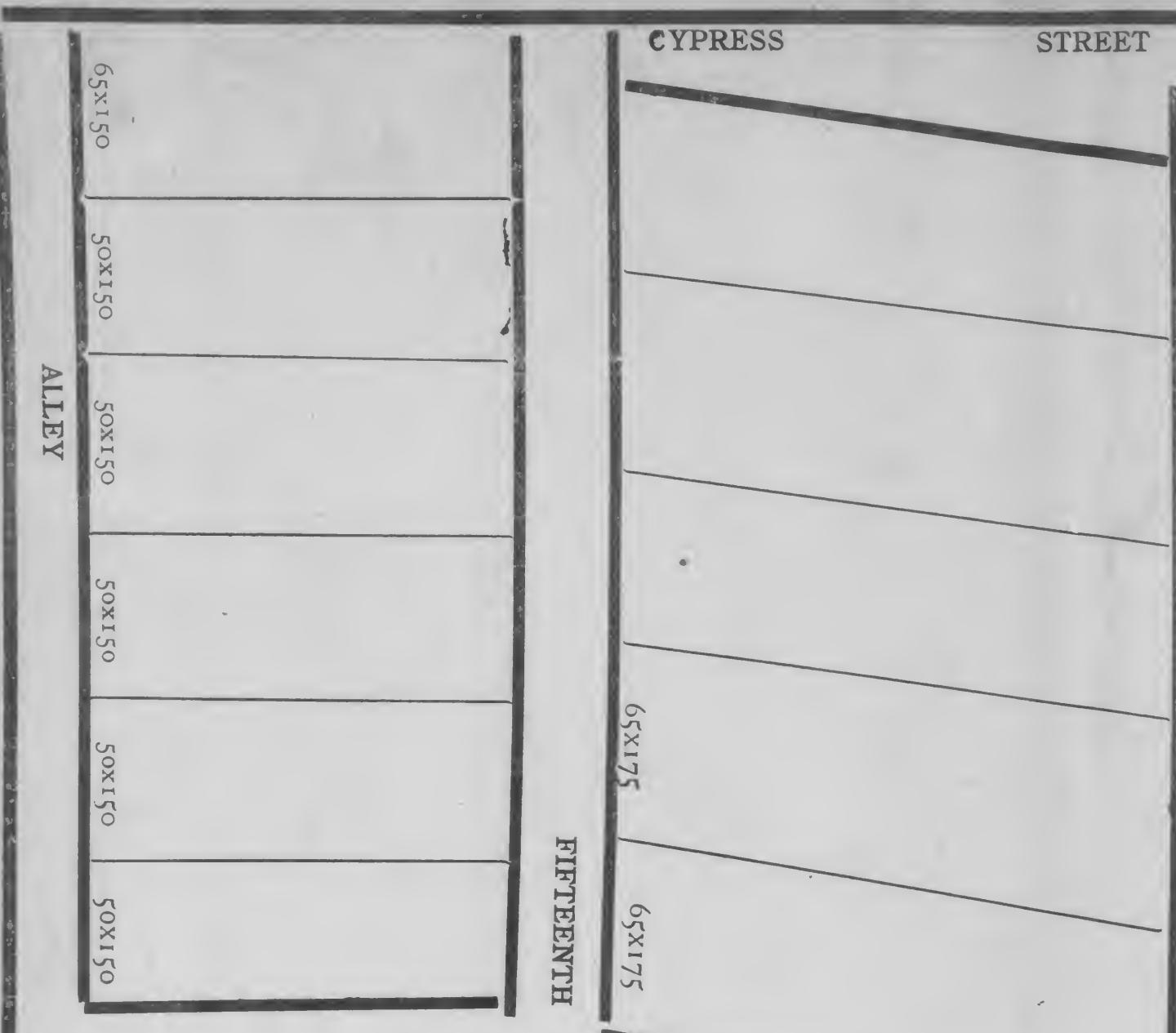
Sell at public auction the Old Ingels property, recently purchased by me from the Ingels heirs, lying on Upper Main Street, in the City of Paris. This property is the most desirable ever offered at public auction in this city. Will sell in lots and then as a whole, accepting the best bid. See Plat.

**TERMS OF SALE.**--One-fourth in hand; balance in 1, 2, and 3 years.

**J. C. C. MAYO.**

A. T. FORSYTH, Auctioneer.

**HIGH STREET, 45 FEET WIDE.**



## INGELS OLD HOME.

This handsome old house, known as the James Ingels property; brick house, with all out-buildings, servants house, carriage house, stable, cistern, &c. This is one of the most desirable houses in Paris.

**J. C. C. MAYO.**

Ingels Old Home.  
105x405

At the same time The Ingels Heirs offer for sale 10 to 15 Building Lots situated on 15th and High Streets.

The best located building lots in the city of Paris.

Terms of sale 1-4 in hand, balance in 1, 2 and 3 years.

INGELS HEIRS.

105 feet.

50x200

**MAIN STREET. SIXTY FEET WIDE.**